THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1872 [VOLUME IV---NUMBER 287

Evening Edition.

Price Five Cents

TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1872.

☞ *See Interesting Reading on Fourth Page.*

City and Suburban.

THE GREAT WESTERN CANAL.—The committees from the several towns and cities in this State appointed to go to Washington City in the interest of the Great Western Canal, must be in Washington by the morning of the 15th. The Atlanta delegation leave in a few days. The Railroad lines centering in this city will furnish tickets at half fare to delegates leaving from this point.

Georgia News Items.

The Queen City Circus will visit Rome on the 18th.—*Comme cial.*

Seventeen hundred and fifty-one Dolly Vardens on the streets of Griffin Sunday morning. Gardens in Griffin drying up. Chickens selling at 45 cents.—*Middle Georgian.*

Mr. A. J. Vickery, of Fairburn, was married to Miss Mattie L. Owens, of the same place, on the 25th instant. The white eyed mule has been purchased by Col. Lewis Wade at an enormous price.—*Fairburn Wasp.*

Olive Logan will visit Savannah on the 20th. Bishop Persico, of Savannah, will preach the dedicatory sermon of the new Catholic church at Aiken, South Carolina, on Sunday morning next. At the April term of the United States Circuit Court, which closed in Savannah on May 3d, transacted the following business: Common law—sixty-four cases and verdicts, ten cases marked settled, fifteen dismissed; criminal docket—seven bonds forfeited, three cases quashed and not prosecuted; equity—twelve final decrees, seven decretal orders, two cases discontinued, five marked settled. At no time since the war have so many cases been determined. In the United States District Court, five admiralty, five criminal and several bankrupt suits are all the cases now pending.—*Savannah News.*

Alabama News Items.

Burglars are doing an extensive business in Mobile.

Montgomery is being stirred up on the subject of a grain elevator.

Forty-five miles of the Grand Trunk Railroad has been completed.

The last five miles of the Montgomery and Eufaula Railroad has been completed.

R C Goodrich, of Selma, a Radical and a member of the Court of Commissioners, has been arrested for embezzlement.

J. B. Watts, of Montgomery, has been invited to deliver the commencement exercises of the Southern Female College, at La-Grange, Ga.

Tennessee News Items.

The Memphis Evening Register has suspended publication.

E. A. James, of Chattanooga, is spoken of for Elector in the Third District.

Jonesboro is blessed with the presence of a company of Gypsies, who are telling fortunes at a dollar a head.

Sixty thousand dollars have been secured for the location of the Baptist Theological Seminary at Nashville.

R. Davenport, late State Receiver of the McMinnville and Manchester Railroad, has been arrested in Washington, upon a requisition from Governor Brown, of Tennessee, charged with being a defaulter to the aforesaid road in the sum of ten thousand dollars.

South Carolina News Items.

Darlington is to have a new court house.

Cucumbers are offered in Charleston three for twenty-five cents.

Greenville county has invested $50,000 in fertilizers this season.

Twelve car loads of railroad iron passed up to Spartanburg for the Air-Line Railroad.

The stockholders of the Air-Line Railroad will meet at Spartanburg on the first Wednesday in June.

James B. O'Riley, of Charleston, a printer by profession, died on Saturday last. He was for a long time President of the Charleston Typographical Society.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, May 3, 1872.

It would be almost impossible to write a Washington letter at this time without some mention of the Cincinnati Convention. There has been little else talked of here for some days past. Congress has made a show of attending to business, but the thoughts of a majority of the M. C.'s have wandered to the classic city of Porkapolis, and evening has found them in "Newspsper Row," hungry for the latest news. While the Administration henchmen have derided the Liberal movement, they have also watched for its culmination with poorly concealed apprehensions. It has proved a bigger thing than they had dreamed of, and this is apparent through all their mud-slinging. Before this letter starts Southward it is probable the die will have been cast, and that at to-morrow morning's breakfast table will be read the names of the standard bearers chosen by the Liberal Republicans.

DIVIDING THE SPOILS.

How are the spoils to be divided in case the Democrats unite with the Liberals and elect a President, is a question much discussed here. Some say that if a Republican is put in the Presidential chair he will surround himself with Republicans, and will endeavor to win over those who now support Grant in order to perpetuate the Republican regime. In this event it is considered that the Democratic party is doomed. On the other hand, Virginia and Missouri are pointed out as having been rescued and redeemed by just such tactics as it is proposed to resort to in the great contest now pending. The Democrats united with the Liberals of those States and elected Liberals to office. Both of these States are to-day Democratic by large majorities. Mr. Schurz cannot be returned to the Senate from Missouri unless he comes as a Democrat, which is not probable, and we have one Democratic Senator from that State already. Does any member recall a squabble over the spoils in Virginia or Missouri.

So run the argument pro and con, which I reproduce as pertinent to the occasion, without siding with either save when it is so stated.

AN IGNOMINOUS SURRENDER.

The administration has made a complete backdown on the question of paying the claims for indirect damages before the Geneva Conference. I have always believed and predicted that it would come to this. These claims were preposterously, but after having pushed them so pertinacious, their abandonment is simply humiliating. Mr. Fish favored the press yesterday with a column and a half explanatory of the position of the government, transmitted through the Associated Press. The administration journals head it: "No Surrender," "Our Government Firm," etc., with what justification the following paragraph will show:

It is not known whether such agreement will be or can be reached. The United States have made no proposals in the premises, but it is believed that an arrangement of this nature, if proposed by great Britain, might be accepted by the United States, and that it would be honorable to both nations. This, beyond doubt, is the extent of what the President or any of his advisers have thought possible or have had in contemplation.

It is well understood here that this government has proposed to great Britain to suggest a withdrawal of these claims; and, indeed, we are told as much by the cable.

SECRETARY ROBESON.

It is understood that Mr. Warren, the Democratic Representative from the 15th New York District, will side with the Radical majority of the committee appointed to investigate the Secretary of the Navy, in exonerating that official from the very serious charges preferred against him. The secret of Mr. Warren's conduct is said to be that he is a brother-in-law of ex-Secretary Borie, who was instrumental in putting Mr. Robeson in the Navy Department. His family ties must be stronger than his convictions of duty, for the Patriot, which at one time attempted to defend Mr. Robeson, says editorially this morning:

The fact remains that, in defiance of precedent and apparent statutory prohibition, he did pay some favorite contractor what most people would think a large sum of money, out of which, by a coincidence that is impressive, something like a percentage found its way to one standing in a near or potential relation to the disburser of favor. There is in this, without imputing any grosser motive, that sort of easy-going defiance of law and propriety which seems to be the characteristic of to-day's callousness.

I don't see that the Democratic party gains anything by keeping men in Congress, who aid in concealing Radical frauds, or who vote for every job that comes up. The sooner such men are given leave to stay at home the better for the party.

THE TARIFF—ADJOURNMENT.

Congress is slightly mixed on the tariff question. Both Houses have passed the bill putting tea and coffee on the free list, and the House has now before it two tariff bills, reported from the Ways and Means Committee. The majority bill, according to the figures of Mr. Conner, of Texas, reduces taxation twenty-eight millions, and the minority bill, the work of Pig Iron Kelly, relieves the tax payers to the extent of forty-eight millions. The latter, though a protective measure, finds most favor on the Democratic side, and Mr. Kelly is confident of its passage. I fear Mr. Kelly is given to counting his chickens before they are hatched. He will find Mr. Dawes, who supports the majority bill, a foeman worthy of his steel.

The House has met this week at 11 A. M., and the Senate is to assemble at that hour after Monday next. Night sessions have been held, and the Senate has disposed of several appropriation bills with remarkable celerity. This unusual activity is due to the desire of the Administration members to get away from Washington before the 1st of June. They may accomplish it, but just now it does not seem altogether probable they will be able to, as there is still much important business to be disposed of.

TOMMY HAUCK.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Judge James Dunlop died of apoplexy.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Greeley has received congratulatory dispatches from Chief Justice Chase, Garrett Davis, Leslie Coombs, John D. Defrees, and Richard Nilchaliz, editor of the Chicago Nien Presse. Coombs and Davis say that the Kentuckians will rally to the standard of the life-long supporter of Henry Clay.

The Irish Democrat, the Irish People, and the Irish Citizen—Democratic weeklies—publish articles supporting Greeley and Brown.

ALBANY, May 7.—The Pneumatic Railroad bill has been vetoed.

FRANCE.

PARIS, May 7.—It is stated that there is a crisis in the Spanish Cabinet.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 7.—A special dispatch to the Times, from Madrid, says Don Carlos has fled towards the French frontier. Marshal Serano, with his troops, is in pursuit of the pretender, and expects to overtake him.

The sailors and dock laborers at Southampton have struck.

At midnight last night there was no confirmation of the capture of Don Carlos.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Cotton drooping; uplands 23½; Orleans 24; sales 60 bales.

Flour a shade firmer. Wheat 2@3 cents better. Corn quiet without decided change. Pork quiet at $13 75. Lard steady; steam 9¼@9¾. Turpentine quiet and weak at 56@57. Rosin quiet but weak at $3 65@3 70 for strained. Freights steady.

Stocks firmer. Gold firm at 14. Money easy at 6@7. Exchange—long 9½; short 10¼. Governments strong. State bonds dull.

LONDON, May 7—Noon.—Consols 92¾. Bonds flat at 88¾.

LATER—Bonds dull at 89¼

FRANKFORT, May 7.—Bonds 96.

PARIS, May 7.—Rentes 54f. 35c.

LIVERPOOL, May 7, noon.—Cotton opened quiet but easier; uplands 11; Orleans 11¼.

LATER—Cotton flat and irregular; uplands 10¾@11; Orleans 11¼; sales 8,000 tales, speculation and export 1,500.

Breadstuff's firm. Red winter wheat 12s. Corn 28s 5d. Cumberland cut 19s Lard 46s.

STILL LATER—Cotton closed unchanged.

MUCH PROPERTY.—The assessment roll of Sacramento county for 1871 was about $11,500,000. Under the Code plan of assessing, placing all property at its cash value, the increase will be from 100 to 150 per cent., so that the roll of this year will be from $24,000,000 to $30,000,000. San Francisco, which was assessed in 1870, at $116,375,988, claims to have property worth $300,000,000, and doubtless she is in this correct. In 1870 the entire assessment rolls of all the counties in California amounted to $277,588,134. If other counties increase as Sacramento has, the total rolls will be swelled to between $555,000,000 and $593,000,000.—*Sacramento Bee, April 22d.*

☞ Diarrhœa is a very common disease in summer-time. Cholera is nothing more than exaggerated diarrhœa. When a man has died of diarrhœa, he has died of cholera, in reality. It may be well for travelers to know, that the first, the most important and the most indispensable item in the arrest and cure of looseness of the bowels, is absolute quietude on a bed; nature herself always prompts this by disinclining us to locomotion. The next thing is to eat nothing but common rice, parched like coffee, and then boiled, and taken with a little salt and butter. Drink little or no liquid of any kind. Bits of ice to be eaten and swallowed at will. Every step taken in diarrhœa, every spoonful of liquid, only aggravates the disease. *Hall's Journal of Health.*

☞ A beautiful young lady who had allowed the tendrils of her heart to twine fondly around a strapping great conductor on a horse car, had her affectionate nature crushed by the discovery that he was taking fare from her, and dead-heading another girl who lived on the same street. She did not eat pickles and pine away, but wrote him an affecting epistle which read: "You want to nok down enuff stamps to get me a paisler shwal & a dolley vardin before sunday or i will put an awning over that girl's eye the nex time i meet her in society. *Yoo heer me.*" *Exchange.*

☞ The World asserts that in seduction, breach of promise, railway accident, and other such emotional suits, juries are proverbially inclined to favor the alleged victim. The World might have truthfully added that one talented liar is worth a dozen honest witnesses in a case before an average jury, and that the present jury system ought to be abolished throughout the country before another case is allowed to come to trial.—*Commercial Journal.*

☞ Kinderhook, Illinois, possesses the champion preacher. A few Sundays since he had preached an eloquent sermon, and at the conclusion he exhorted his hearers to embrace the opportunity presented. None came forward, and after waiting some time the minister, raising his voice to the highest pitch, exclaimed: "Well, sit there and be *damned!*" On the same Sunday he called out to the janitor: Open that window I don't like to preach in a barrel with the bung drove in."—*Index.*

☞ A wise Frenchman says: "If a lady says, 'I can never love you,' wait a little longer; all hope is not lost. But if she says, 'No one has more sincere wishes for your happiness than I,' take your hat.

Fivancial and Commercial

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, May 7, 1 o'clock, P. M.

COMMERCIAL.—We have no changes to note in cotton. The market this morning is more quiet than on yesterday. A few bales received yesterday. We quote it at 21½ cents.

FINANCIAL.—The money market is becoming more contracted and bears evidence of becoming more so. We quote money at 1½ per cent. per month. We note another advance of one cent in gold also in silver. We quote Gold buying 111; selling 112. Silver buying 105; selling 108.

EXCHANGE.—No quotable change; buying at par; selling ¼ premium.

FACTORY GOODS.—Brown Domestics—Graniteville, 7-8, 12; Trion, 7-8, 12; Augusta 7-8; Graniteville, 4-4, 13½; Trion, 4-4, 13½; Augusta, 4-4, 13½; Graniteville, 3-4 10; Trion, 3-4, 10; Augusta, 3-4, 10; Osnaburgs 15a18c; Yarns $1 65.

FLOUR.—Superfine $7 50; extra $8 75a9 25; family $10 50a11 00; fancy $11 50a12 00.

GRAIN.—Corn is quotably stiff this morning. We quote white corn 95; yellow and mixed 92a93. Wheat—white $2 25; red $2 15. Oats 67a70. Rye 90a$1.

BULK MEATS.—We quote shoulders 6; clear sides 8½; clear rib sides 8; joles 4½.

BACON.—We quote shoulders 7; clear sides 9; clear rib sides 8½; country hams 10½a11½; S. C. hams 13a13½.

LARD.—We quote buckets, 13½; cans, 14a12; tierces 10½.

GROCERIES.—We quote: Sugars, Coffee A 13½; for Extra C 13; Yellow C 12½; Brown 11a12½. Tallow 7. Liverpool salt $2 15; Virginia salt $2. Candles—full weights 21a21½; Ginger, 15. Pepper 25. Corn meal 95a$1. Starch 7a8½c. Rice 9¼a10c. for tierces. Java Coffee 33a35; Rio 23a26. New Orleans syrup 70a75. Molasses 34. Cheese, factory, 19a20. Irish potatoes eating, $2 50a3 50.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.—Good butter, country, 30a33c. Eggs 16a17. Chickens 30a35. These are the buying prices.

Fulton County Sheriff's Sale for June, 1872.

WILL be sold before the Court House door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in June next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

A lot 20 by 140 feet in the 4th ward of the city of Atlanta, lying between Houston and Wheat streets, on said lot is a small framed dwelling occupied at present by the defendant. It being a part of land lot 80 and is in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the pro. erty of Green Dennis, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa in Fulton Superior Court in favor of A. B. Mathews, trustee, vs. Green Dennis; property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. April 27, 1872.

Also, at the same time and place, lots Nos. 37, 38, 39 and 40 of the second survey of the Lynch Property, each of said lots containing 50 by 145 feet, more or less, situat d in the 3d ward of the city of Atlanta and being part of land lot No 82, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of Jos Fry, by virtue of and to satisfy two fi fas issued from the Justice's Court of the 1026th district G M, in favor of D A Beattie vs Joseph Fry; levies made by J. R. Thompson, L. C., and returned to me. May 2, 1872.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot in the corporation of West End, having the following boundaries, to-wit: commencing at a part on Gordon street and running east along Gordon street 62 feet, thence south 183 feet, thence west 62 feet, thence north 183 feet to the beginning point, adjoining the property of Irwin et al, it being part of land lot No. 14, in the 14th District of originally Henry, now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of David A Cook, by virtue and to satisfy eight fi fas issued from the Notary Public's Court of the 530th district G. M., in favor of T J Ward, agent for Rosa Watkins vs David A Cook; levies made by Manson Stroud, L C, and returned to me, May 6th, 1872.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot in ward 1 of the city of Atlanta, fronting on Elliott street 50 feet, more or less, and running back same width 200 feet, more or less, adjoining the property of Hammond and Hayden, it being part of said lot 78 in the 14 in district originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia. Levied on as the property of John Casey, administrator of Peter Long, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa in Fulton Superior Court in favor of J. A. Hayden vs John Casey, administrator, etc. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. April 27, 1872.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot in the city of Atlanta, fronting 40 feet more or less, and 100 feet more or less, on Holland street; on said lot is a two room house, it being part of land lot No 84 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Georgia; levied on as the property of M M Carroll, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Justice's Court of the 1026th district G M, in favor of A L Boyd vs M M Carroll. Levy made by J R Thompson, L C, and returned to the May 3, 1872.

Also, at the same time and place, a lot containing ¾ acre, more or less, fronting 105 feet on the east side of Marietta street, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga, and running back same width 300 feet, more or less, known as the Edward Waits lot, recently sold by Wallace & Fowler for Lucy Ann Baker to Joseph Fry. Also, a house and lot on Marietta street in said city, fronting 50 feet, more or less, on Marietta street, and running back to right of way of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, it being part of land lot 81 in the 14th District of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of Joseph Fry, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of John R Wallace vs Joseph Fry. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Also, at the same time and place, a part of city lot No. 5, in the —— ward of the city of Atlanta, the same being part of land lot No. 77 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga, said lot fronting 30 feet on Decatur street and running back in a northwestwardly direction same width as right and lines with said street 134 feet, bounded west by A. Russell's lot and east by a lot owned by Meehlin and Kidd. Levied on as the property of A. B. Forsyth by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the County Court of the county of Fulton, in favor of John Farrer vs William G. Forsyth and A. B. Forsyth security. Property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney. March 3, 1872.

Also, at the same time and place, a house and lot situated on the corner of Fair and Frazer streets in the 3d ward of the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Ga.; said lot fronting on Fair street 117 feet, more or less, and running back along Frazer street 90 feet, more or less, it being city lot No 2, and a part of land lot No. 53, in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of D Gussle by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from Justice's Court of the 1026th district G M in favors of O A Thrower vs D Gussie; levy made by J R Thompson, L C., and returned to me May 2d, 1872.

Also at the same time and place, a house and lot in the corpo ation of West End having 20 feet front on Gordon street, bounded west by W. G. Brett's property, east by Donahoo's property, north by William Rich & Co. Levied on as the property of D. T. Millon, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa issued from the Justice's Court of the 1026th district G M, in favor of Thomas G Davis vs D T Millen. Levy made by Manson Stroud and returned to me May 6th, 1872.

A. M. PERKERSON,
Deputy Sheriff.

may7-wtds Printer's fee $2 50 per levy.

New Georgia Bonds for Sale.

STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE, ATLANTA, GA., April 6th, 1872.

The 7 per cent. State bonds, authorized by an Act approved January 18th, 1872, and issued for the purpose of exchange or redemption of old state bonds of Georgia maturing this year, are now ready for disposal according to the provisions of the bill.

Quite a number have already been sold to Georgians at 90 cents, and an opportunity for a few weeks is offered to obtain them at the State Treasury office at the above price, or they will be exchanged for the old bonds falling due, rating the old bonds at par and the new bonds at 90 cents, the State paying a difference of 10 per cent. in cash.

These new bonds are desirable on several accounts

1. They are issued in strict accordance with law.
2. No more are issued than barely enough to take up the old bonds maturing.
3. They are *Redemption* bonds, which are rated on the stock market as the very best class of securities.
4. The coupon interest will be paid promptly semi-annually, either in New York or the State Treasury.
5. They are exempt from State taxation.

Orders for purchase, or bonds for exchange can be sent to the State Treasurer in Atlanta, and will receive prompt attention.

There are strong reasons, for these new bonds being at par in a short time, and it is hoped Georgians will continue to show their appreciation, as has the highest Judicial officer of the State, by purchasing twenty-five thousand dollars for himself.

By the advice and approval of the Governor.

N. L. ANGIER,
State Treasurer.

apr7-dtf

NOTICE.

STRAYED from the undersigned on the morning of the 29th April, one LIGHT RED SORREL MARE MULE, about 5 years old; under medium size, with a sore or scare on the front part of left shoulder, 5 or 6 inches from top withers; a brown mark across shoulders; a few white hairs in mane. Any person taking her up, and giving me information of the same, will be liberally rewarded. H. A. SMITH.

Conyers, Ga., May 2, 1872. may3-dlw&wtt

FOR SALE,

FIFTEEN HORSE LOCOMOTIVE BOILER—ALL RIGHT (NEW.) Inquire of

FORTER & BUTLER,
aprl16-dlm Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA, Fulton County.

TO THE HONORABLE SUPERIOR COURT OF SAID COUNTY.

THE Petition of Ebenezer W. Warren, Albert T. Spelding, Cincinatus Peeples, Joseph E. Brown, Jno. H. James, Alvin K. Seago, James H. Calloway, Josiah L. Warren, John Dixon, Mordical Edwards and Jeremiah Slade, Trustees and Managers of the "Georgia Baptist Orphans' Home," respectfully showeth that for themselves, their successors in office, and such other persons as may hereafter be appointed or associated with them by the Baptist Convention of the State of Georgia, for the purpose of keeping and maintaining a home for the support, rearing, education, and setting forward in the world of such orphan children of said State as may be committed to their care and management, desire an act of of incorporation, as, and by the name of "The Georgia Baptist Orphans' Home," and by that name to have succession of members during the term of twenty years; to have and use a common seal, and the same to make and alter at pleasure; to sue and be sued; plead and be impleaded; to make all needful By-Laws, Rules and Regulations which may become proper for the government and magement of said "Orphans' Home," its property and finances. And also, for the care, protection, and control of the orphans committed to their charge; and for Police purposes on and about said "Orphans' Home," such as may not be repugnant to the Constitution and Laws of this State; and by their corporate name aforesaid, to hold all such real and personal property and rights as they have acquired, or may hereafter acquire by donation, will, or purchase, for the purpose of carrying on the business of their organization; or in settlement of any claim which may be received benafide in payment. And to have the power of indenturing and apprenticing any healthy male orphan who may be committed to their charge when he shall have reached the age of fourteen years, to farm, mercantile, or mechanical labor, for which his capacity and inclination may be best suited, according to the laws of this State in such cases provided. And to sue and exercise all such rights, powers and franchises as are usually incident, or pertain to corporations of like character.

Your petitioners have organized and are now conducting said "Orphans' Home," temporarily, in the city of Atlanta, not having as yet finally determined upon a permanent location.

It is intended to be sustained by the voluntary contributions of such liberal and benevolent persons as may be willing to contribute to the support and education of destitute orphanage.

Your petitioners have on hand a sufficient amount of cash and voluntary subscriptions to justify them in taking all proper measures for placing this noble charity upon a permanent foundation. Wherefore, your Petitioners pray that your Honor will pass an order making them a corperate body in law, with the above desired privileges, rights and powers.

PEEPLES & HOWELL,
Petitioners Attorneys.

A true extract from the minutes of said Court.
April 12, 1872. W. R. VENABLE, Clerk.
apr20—d2aw2w

P. PEEPLES. J. W. HIGHTOWER.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

Griffin, Georgia,

LEE & HIGHTOWER, Prop'tors

PERSONS visiting the Indian Springs, during the summer, will find it to their interest to call on us, in the way of the most pleasant route.

BETTER TURNOUTS,

Careful Drivers and Quicker Time. We are prepared to furnish anything in the Livery line, at the shortest notice and reasonable terms.

apr11—d'w

MINERAL HILL

Sulphur and Alum Springs,

WILL be open for the reception of visitors on the 1st May.

These Springs are situated within two miles of the celebrated Tate's Epsom, and one-half mile north of Bean's Station, East Tennessee.

The sulphur waters—red, white and black—are especially recommended in the cure of all diseases arising from the liver and kidneys, and our Alum is a specific in all scrofulous complaints.

A daily line of hacks connect with trains on the East Tennessee and Virginia Railroad at Morristown. For particulars address

DR. R. A. HOOKER, Proprietor,
Bean's Station,
may1—d9m Tennessee.

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS

SAIL EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

PASSENGERS booked to and from any RAILWAY STATION OR SEAPORT in Great Britain, Ireland, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, Germany, France, Holland, Belgium, and the United States,

AT LOWEST CURRENCY RATES.

Cabin fare from New York to GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, LONDONDERRY or QUEENSTOWN, $75, and $65. INTERMEDIATE, $35. STEERAGE, $28.

DRAFTS ISSUED FOR ANY AMOUNT.

Parties sending for their friends in the Old Country can purchase tickets at reduced rates. For further particulars apply to agents,

HENDERSON BROTHERS,
7 Bowling Green, N. Y.,
Or to P. F. COULTER,
apr17—d&wtm Southern Express Company.

THE TRAMMELL HOUSE,

GAINESVILLE, GA.,

J. G. TRAMMELL & SON,

BEG leave to inform their friends and the public generally, that their new brick hotel, situated within one hundred yards of the Air-Line Depot, and the hundred yards of several fine Mineral Springs, is now open for their accommodation, at charges as low as the times will admit of.

Parties in quest of Health or Pleasure will find both at this House, where every attention will be given to their comfort and furtherance of their object.

A good Livery Stable is convenient to the House, where any description of vehicle can be procured, with good teams and careful drivers. apr25-dtf

FOR SALE.

A Beautiful and Elevated Lot,

100 BY 200 feet, on Gilmer street, opposite Longley & Robinson's Planing Mill.

Apply to WM. GLEESON,
apr16—d1m Boot and Shoemaker.

Plumber! Plumber!

WANTED—A NUMBER ONE PLUMBER. None but a mechanic need apply.

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,
No. 9 Marietta Street,
march17—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

Assignee's Sale.

BY virtue of an order issued by the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia, I will sell on WEDNESDAY THE 15th DAY OF MAY, 1872, in front of the office of Wallace & Fowler, No. 11 Alabama street, Atlanta, Georgia, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., the following property to-wit:

Two splendid silver mounted Show Cases, (to be seen at the cigar stand at the Kimball House.)

Forty boxes Cigars, various brands.

Lot Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco, Smoking Tobacco, Plug Tobacco, Playing Cards, Meerschaum Pipes, Cigar Cases, Pocket Books, Pocket Knives, and a lot of open accounts.

Sold as the property of William B. Moses, bankrupt. Terms Cash.

NOAH R. FOWLER,
may5-d3t Assignee.

Sealed Proposals.

CASTLE ROCK COAL COMPANY OF GEORGIA, PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, April 17th, 1872.

BY order of the Board of Directors, Sealed Proposals will be received until 1st of June for leasing the

Castle Rock Coal Company's Mines,

in Dade county, Georgia, embracing 5,000 acres land, containing valuable Coal in large quantities.

They are situated 22 miles from Chattanooga, on Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad.

Information with full particulars will be given, upon application to R. C. ROBSON,
apr18—d1aw til 1st June President.

CHANGE OF NAME.

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Via Portsmouth & Inland Air Line,

WITH BALTIMORE—Via Bay Line Steamers, Daily, R. L. Poor, General Agent, Union Dock, foot of C. Fitzgerald, Contracting Agent, 154 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore.

With PHILADELPHIA—Annamessix Line, Tri-Weekly, Jno. S. Wilson, General Agent, 44 South 5th St., Philadelphia, and Clyde & Company's Steamers, Semi-Weekly, Clyde & Co., Agents, 13th South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

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The Daily Constitution

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE

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THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

Morning Edition.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8 1872.

TO LAWYERS.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONSTITUTION exclusively, by the Reporter of the Court.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we cannot undertake either to return or preserve.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE:

(ELECTION ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 8.)

Colonel Luther J. Glenn.

The Election To-Day.

Let the Democrats turn out and give Col Glenn, our Democratic candidate for the Legislature, a rousing vote.

☞The New York Herald has dispatches that its corr spondent, Stanley, who went into Africa after Dr. Livingstone has found the great wanderer, and reports him alive.

Personal.

We had a call yesterday from Col. J. R Sneed, the veteran editor of the Savannah Republican, who has been a looker on in Cincinnati.

Supreme Court Decisions.

The Supreme Court will shortly adjourn Our pamphlet copies of the Decisions of the term will be out in a few days after the adjournment. Send in orders at once. This will insure the receipt of the Decisions at the earliest possible moment. Pamphlets $1 00 per copy.

The Press Convention.

The Press Convention of Georgia assembles to day, and Atlanta gives the body a cordial greeting. THE CONSTITUTION extends a cordial welcome to the members, and invites them to make its office their headquarters for business and pleasure.

Every effort will be used to render their stay pleasant.

The entertainment given by our citizens and the press at The Kimball House, on Thursday night, will be one of the most elegant and unique affairs ever gotten up in the city. The number invited will be limited to those who subscribe and their families. There will be dancing and a handsome banquet, to be attended by the ladies, who will thus, by their presence, enliven the occasion and inspire the speakers.

We learn that several invitations for an excursion will be presented to the body for their action.

The party given by Dr and Mrs. Westmoreland to-night will also be a very elegant occasion.

We trust that our brothers of the press may have a pleasant time, and reiterate a cordial welcome to Atlanta.

The Greeley Ticket.

The Greeley and Brown nomination is creating a lively discussion all over the country. The comments of a portion of our Southern press we gave yesterday. The diversity of view was wide. It is equally wide North and West. The nomination has taken a deep hold among many of both parties, Democratic and Republican.

We had a private letter yesterday from Whitfield county from a gentleman who had taken the trouble to canvass the sentiment of the leading men; and he writes that the Democrats there generally are for the Greeley ticket.

The New York Herald, whose policy is to be on the winning side always, as an unfailing weather-cock of popular sentiment, speaks of Greeley's elevation to the Presidency as being "a possible if not a probable event," and winds up with the pledge that if Greeley "avoids certain fallacies that have embarrassed the usefulness of his career," it will support him.

The Mobile Register, a very ultra Democratic paper, thus speaks:

"We have all along declared our belief that the Cincinnati Convention would be a dignified and discreet body; for upon such discretion and dignity in no small degree rested its influence upon the voters of the country. The convention has met and acted, and we see no reason to regret our prophecy in any regard. Compared with late Republican conventions, State and National, the Cincinnati meeting has the dignity of a Roman Senate; and its discretion has probably been sorely tried and fully proven by the abandonment of sectional favorites and the early combination upon the most available man."

The opponents of Greeley are trying to kill him out with ridicule.

One cause of trouble seems to be that a straight out bargain is said to have been made between Greeley's friends and Gratz Brown, by which Brown secured Greeley's and his own nomination. The Cincinnati Commercial had a remarkable leader the very morning of the day of nomination, predicting the movement that resulted in Greeley and Brown's success, and warning the Trumbull men that they must unite with Adams to defeat it. The Western papers are full of this alleged plot, and it seems to have alienated some of the friends of Greeley and Brown.

One of the most curious features of the discussion is the diversity of Democratic sentiment about the various candidates for the nomination. Some journals favored Davis, who decided to sustain the Missouri test oath and is a Republican office holder, and condemned Adams and Greeley, and Trumbull, who are not a bit worse than Davis. Others indorsed Adams, while condemning Trumbull. And so it has run, Democrats differing as to who of those Liberal anti-Grant Republicans were orthodox enough on constitutional government to give Democratic support to in certain contingencies. And we see that extreme men appear to have been about as ready to unite on some certain Republican, who happened to please them, as the more moderate.

We have not been disposed to make classes among the Liberal Republicans. Like Mr Stephens, we hailed all men as allies who are against the heresies of centralism and for a constitutional government, without regard to their antecedents. We only require them to be honest.

It is the present purpose to which we look. Greeley is less objectionable than Grant, but not so desirable as a pure Democrat. Between Greeley and Grant we would advocate Greeley all the time, particularly on a platform asserting the integrity of the Constitution.

If the election of a Democrat is possible we want him. If it isn't we think Greeley is beyond all comparison preferable to Ulysses.

We had better think a little before deciding the plan for the Democracy.

The Comptroller General's Report for 1871.

The total number of polls reported in 1871 was 165 316, of which 98,157 are white and 67,159 colored.

Chatham county leads with 4,761; white 2,339. Fulton, 2,609; white, 2,318. Houston, 2,028; white only 796. Richmond 2,604; white, 1,985. Washington, 2,384; white, 1,202. The smallest is Colquitt, 206.

The professional men number 2,833; denists, 111; auctioneers, 28; daguerrian artists, 56; ten pin alleys, 7; billiard tables, 124; blind folks, 114; deaf, 31; dumb, 71.

Fulton leads in professional men, having 142; Chatham, 86; Bibb, 61; Richmond, 53; Muscogee, 59; Troup, 48.

The net tax paid in by Chatham was $82,-29 67; Richmond, $50,527 33; Bibb, $28,-739 12; Muscogee, $28,174 78; Fulton, $46,-383 68. The smallest amount paid in was $572 by Rabun county.

The Clerk hire of the Legislature was $8,169.

We shall continue our quotation of statistics.

The Cost of Clothing.

The speech of Hon. James H. Slater, of Oregon, delivered in the House, contains the following interesting table, which shows that the actual customs tax on forty-six dollars worth of clothing is something over twenty-three dollars:

Cost of coat of wool cloth ready-made	$12 00
Duty 85 per cent	4 16
Cost without duty	7 84
Pair of woolen pan s ready made	6 00
Duty 53 per cent	3 18
Cost without duty	3 99
Knit drawers and undershirt of wool	3 00
Duty 86 6 8 per cent	1 40
Cost without duty	1 60
Wool hat	3 40
Duty 6. 3 8 per cent	1 15
Cost without duty	1 85
Vest of wool cloth	4 00
Duty 53 per cent	1 39
Cost without duty	2 61
Twenty yards of flannel at 6 cents	12 00
Duty 65 per cent	5 73
Cost without duty	7 27
Twenty yds unbleached domestic, 12½ cts	2 50
Duty 35 per cent	85
Cost without duty	1 85
Twenty yards of calico at 15 cents	3 00
Duty 6? per cent	1 19¼
Cost without duty	1 87½
Ten yards delaines at 9? cents	2 50
Du y 65 per cent	99
Cost without duty	1 51
One pair 10 pound all-wool blankets	10 00
Duty 10½ per cent	1 04
Cost without duty	8 96
Twenty yards comm n wool carpet	20 00
Duty 89 per cent	9 42
Cost without duty	10 58
Total cost	78 00
Total duty	31 0 ¾
Total cost without duty	45 95⅞

This table merits public attention, and is most respectfully submitted to the gentlemen now engaged in instructing Congressmen in relation to tariff matters.

OUR BALTIMORE LETTER.

The Cincinnati Nominees---How Shall We Take the Political Tide at its Flood."

BALTIMORE, May 4, 1872.

Editors Constitution: The topic of the day here in political circles is the nomination of Greeley and Brown by the Cincinnati Convention. Many Democrats (perhaps the majority) say that they never can support such nominees. They rejoice, however, in the nomination on one account: it makes a division in the Republican party so certain that the Democrats can elect their candidate. Other Democrats counsel acquiescence in what has been done in Cincinnati as the surest method of overthrowing the odious dynasty now in power. There can be no doubt that the true wisdom of the South is found in taking advantage of this division in the Radical ranks. How can be done?

Was the division sufficiently serious and could it be regarded a permanent estrangement the Democrats, if they nominated a conservative man of their school, would have a fine prospect of electing him, and I should decidedly favor such a nomination. But every body knows that squabbles among friends and even among enemies may be sealed in the presence of greater evils. That the men now sustaining the Cincinnati Convention would prefer a man of their own party—though offensive as Grant—to a straight out Democrat, I have but little doubt; and in the West of the latter some method would be devised for healing the breach. And if no reconciliation could be effected, it is to be feared that Brown and Greeley could not withdraw sufficient strength from the Republican party to secure the election of a Democrat.

Under these circumstances I go with the Democrat c minority here, who prefer Horace Greeley. He is not my choice for the high office. There are many men, even in the Radical ranks, whom I would prefer. But I desire the overthrow of the administration at whose hands the country generally, and the south especially, has suffered so many and such grievous abuses, and if there be a stronger probability for securing this result by rallying to the standard of the late nominees, there I shall go. Mr. Greeley has been, for the most part, a Radical of the strictest school; but he seems to be a man of some sense of justice, and since the war he has certainly shown a kind spirit towards the Southern States. In the autumn of 1860, when the Republican party was threatening the south with war and subjugation if they attempted secession, Greeley boldly declared that there was "nothing in the Constitution of the United States which justified the government in compelling any respectable number of States who might wish to retire to remain in the Union." It is true that he afterwards advocated the "subjugation of the rebels" and exerted all his powers to effect their defeat; but in this respect he did nothing more than Frank Blair did, who was supported as the Democratic nominee for Vice President in 1868. He did nothing more than thousands of Northern Democrats, who promised their Southern friends that when war was declared they would be found fighting by their Southern friends—a promise kept, indeed, but the fighting was done in Federal uniforms. So that so far as the war is concerned, Mr. Greeley has as good a record as that which can now be shown by multitudes of accepted Democrats.

The war closed, Mr. Greeley has been the persistent advocate of universal amnesty. He has constantly denounced the reconstruction policy which enfranchised negroes and disfranchised white citizens. He went to Virginia and put his name on Jeff. Davis' bond, for which he suffered bitter vituperations from his Republican brethren. Though he has done many things since the war which I condem, I must give him the credit of evincing a conciliatory temper towards the South.

It is to be remembered that the support of Mr. Greeley by Southern Democrats would develop and strengthen every friendly feeling he has exhibited to the South. Under his administration I believe that Georgia would enjoy, unmolested, every right guaranteed to her by the Constitution, and that her political status would be in every respect as comfortable as it could be under a Democratic President of the most pronounced opinions. I write these views in utter ignorance, of course, of the opinions of THE CONSTITUTION. They are my sentiments, and I thought I would throw them out for your consideration.

BALTIMORE.

WHAT GOOD ROADS DO.—An exchange truly says: "Good roads benefit every one residing along their course. Good roads save horse flesh, they facilitate the transportation of the produce to market, they save your temper, they increase the value of lands, they lend attractiveness to the eye of a stranger, they increase the traffic and business of a town by its vitality in all branches of traffic. Show us a town which receives a large country trade by means of the fine roads leading to it, and we will show you a place that is lively, progressive and thrifty, with money circulating in plenty, and men in all branches of industry busy as beavers.

☞An old lady was visiting the Tombs last week, when a burglar, Michael Donahue, who had managed to get out of his cell, stepped up to her, and in an authoritative manner demanded her ticket. Armed with this he coolly stalked out of the prison. The New York Sun, in stating the affair, says: "No possible blame can attach to Warden Stacom and the keepers of the Tombs" Shrewd dissipline at the Tombs.

DECISIONS

—OF THE— SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Delivered at Atlanta, Tuesday, May 7, 1872.

[REPORTED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

John Thompson vs. Thomas J Heard. Garnishment, from Elbert.

WARNER, C. J.,

In this case, Heard was served with a summons of garnishment at the instance of Thompson, a creditor of Fischesser, requiring him to answer what he was indebted to Fischesser, or what effects he had in his hands belonging to him. Heard, the garnishee, answered that he had in his hands five hundred dollars in gold which was placed in his hands to indemnify him against any loss or damage he might sustain in going the security of Fischesser in a bail case at the instance of Thomson against Fischesser; that, before he was exonerated and relieved from his suretyship, he was served with the summons of garnishment; that, since the service of the garnishment, he had been sued by one Margaret Fischesser for the said five hundred dollars in gold, which she claims to be her property, which suit is now pending in Elbert Superior Court; that the bail process against Fischesser had been dismissed. Upon this answer of the garnishee, the plaintiff moved the court to enter up judgment for the five hundred dollars in gold, which motion was refusal, and the plaintiff excepted. The garnishee does not admit in his answer that he is indebted to Fischeser, or that he had any effects in his hands belonging to him, but states the fact that the money was placed in his hands to indemnify him as security for Fischesser on his bail bond without, stating who placed the money in his hands. In our judgment, it was not error in the court below, in refusing to order a judgment to be entered against the garnishee on the statement of facts contained in his answer If the plaintiff had thought proper to do so, he could have traversed the answer of the garnishee and have shown that the money in his hands was the property of Fischesser Let the judgment of the court below be affirmed.

Robert Toombs for plaintiff in error.
J. D. Mathews, *cont a.*

John B. Latimer vs. S. A. Lane. Equity, from Hancock.

WARNER, C. J.

This was an action brought by the plaintiff against the defendant to recover the sum of $2,125 00 for five hundred acres of land known as the Tye place, the plaintiff alleging that the defendant fraudulently represented to him that he had the title to said land, that the plaintiff on the 14th day of January, 1868, paid to the defendant the said sum of $2,125 00 for the land, and that the defendant bound himself to make a title thereto within a reasonable time, which he has failed to do, that at the time of making the contract the defendant did not have the title to the land, and this suit was brought to recover from the defendant the money paid by the plaintiff therefor. On a former trial of this case in the court below, the defendant plead that the contract for the sale of the land had been rescinded by the fraudulent conduct of the plaintiff, and the jury found a verdict under the charge of the court for the defendant. The case was brought before this court and the judgment of the court below was reversed for error in the charge of the court to the jury, and a new trial ordered, this court holding, and deciding, that the defendant could not claim that the contract for the sale of the land had been rescinded by the fraudulent conduct of the plaintiff, and at the same time retain the purchase money paid him by the plaintiff therefor. When the case was remanded back to the court below for a new trial the defendant withdrew his plea of a recision of the contract for the sale of the land, on the ground of the fraudulent representations of the plaintiff, and filed a new plea, in which he affirmed the contract for the sale of the land, but alleges that the plaintiff made an agreement, which is specially set forth in the plea, by which he agreed to do certain things on his part to enable the defendant to procure the title to the land, so as to enable him to convey the title thereto to the plaintiff, and that this was part and parcel of one and the same contract, and that by reason of the plaintiff failing to perform his part contract, he has been damaged to the amount for which the plaintiff has sued him, and claims the right to recoup the same amount by way of damages from the plaintiff for the breach of the contract on his part, and to set off the damages sustained by him against the plaintiff's demands. To this plea of the defendant the plaintiff demurred generally. The court sustained the demurrer, and ordered the plea to be stricken, whereupon the defendant excepted. The argument before this court, in favor of the judgment of the court below is that the plea contained no new facts that were not adjudicated when the case was before this court at the former; that the only defendant's defence, as now set forth in his ple, is substantially the same now as it was then. We do not think so. The point in the case as made by the defendant's plea on the former hearing before this court, was whether the defendant could claim to have the contract for the sale of the land rescinded on the ground of the plaintiff's fraud, and at the same time claim to retain the money, which he had received for the land. The plea now before the court does not seek to rescind the contract on the ground of fraud, but on the contrary affirms it, and seeks to recoup and set off the damages which the defendant has sustained in consequence of the breach of that contract on the part of the plaintiff. Recoupment is a right of the defendant to have a reduction from the amount of the plaintiff's damages for the reason that the plaintiff has not complied with the cross obligations, or independent covenants, arising under the same contract, and includes all mutual debts, and liabilities Recoupment may be pleads in all actions *ex-contractu* where from any reason the plaintiff, under the same contract, is in good conscience liable to the defendant. Code 28 8, 2859, 2861. In our judgment, the court below erred in sustaining the demurrer to the defendant's plea. If the Act of 1870, requiring an affidavit that all legal taxes had been paid is a valid law, still, this case was not within the provisions of that Act. Let the judgment of the court below be reversed.

Linton Stephens, George F. Pierce, for plaintiff in error.
R. Toombs, C. W. DuBose, *contra.*

Mary A. Mosely, Administratrix vs. William Hogg. Complaint and non suit, from Pike.

WARNER, C. J.

This was an action brought by the plaintiff against the defendant on a promissory note, dated 12th November, 1861. The defendant plead to the action, and alleged in his plea, that the note was given for the hire of a negro slave named George, belonging to one Newman, who was hired to work in a blacksmith's shop, and that the consideration of the note was given for the services of said negro, and that since the note was given, the collection of such claims has been declared to contravene the policy of the law; wherefore he asks that said suit be dismissed. The plaintiff demurred to the defendant's plea on the ground that the 17th section of the 5th article of the Constitution of this State, adopted in 1868, which denies jurisdiction to the courts of this State of the plaintiff's demand, is in violation of the 10th section of the 1st article of the Constitution of the United States, and is void—which demurrer was overruled by the court, and the plaintiff excepted. The plaintiff's counsel admitted that under the evidence offered at the tria that the consideration of the note was for the hire of a slave. The defendant then moved the court to dismiss the plaintiff's action, on the ground that the court had no jurisdiction of the case, which motion was granted by the court, and the plaintiff excepted. The 17th section of the 5th article of the Constitution of 1868, declares that "No court or officer shall have, nor shall the General Assembly give jurisdiction or authority to try, or give judgment on, or enforce any debt the consideration of which was a slave or slaves, or the hire thereof." By the 10th section of the 1st article of the Constitution of the United States it is declared that "No State shall pass any law impairing the obligation of contracts." The 17th section of the 5th article of the Constitution of 1868, denying to the courts jurisdiction to enforce the collection of the plaintiff's debt, not only impaired the obligation of his contract but annihilated and destroyed it, because it denies to him any and all remedy to enforce that obligation against the defendant. The 17th section of the 5th article of the Constitution of 1868 so far as it affects the obligation of the plaintiff's contract in this case denying to him any and all remedy to enforce it against the defendant, is in violation of the 10th section of the 1st article of the Constitution of the United States and is, therefore, null and void.

Let the judgment of the court below be reversed.

Thompson & Turner, E. N. Broyles, for plaintiff in error.
H. Blance, *contra.*

McCAY, J., concurring.

I concur in the judgment of reversal on the sole ground that the Supreme Court of the United States having decided in the case of White vs. Hurt, that the 17th section article 5th of the Constitution of 1868, is void this court is bound to conform its judgment to the decision and judgment of the appellate tribunal having jurisdiction of the question.

Montgomery, J., having come upon the bench since this case was argued, delivered no opinion.

D. B. Cade vs. Abram Burton. Equity, from Elbert.

McCAY, J.

In an action for false representation by which the plaintiff was damaged, if the representation be by deed, so that the defendant is estopped from denying the fact, he may yet show that the plaintiff knew the truth for the purpose of fixing a time when the right of action accrued, and the statute of limitations commenced running against the plaintiff's claim, it appearing that the plaintiff was seeking to avoid the statutory bar, by showing that he had not discovered the fraud until long after the same was committed.

Judgment affirmed.
Robert Toombs, for plaintiff in error.
J. D. Mathews, *contra.*

Aron E. Hobbs vs. M. M. Cody, guardian. Appeal from Court of Ordinary, from Warren.

McCAY, J.

Any party at interest who is dissatisfied with a judgment of the Ordinary may appeal to the Superior Court on payment of costs and giving security for future costs except in a case involving the removal of an administrator etc., and this right of appeal on the terms indicated extends also to cases where the Ordinary has given judgment for money against an administrator, or guardian under a citation for a settlement as provided by section 1890 of the Revised Code.

The Act of 16th March, 1869, requiring all causes of action accruing before 1st of June, 1865, to be sued by the 1st of January, 1870, does not apply to a suit by a ward against his guardian to compel an account, if the ward did not come of age until after June, 1865 since the cause of action—the refusal of the guardian to account—did not accrue until the ward came of age.

Judgment reversed.
E. H. Pottle, for plaintiff in error.
A. S. Morgan, R. Toombs, *contra.*

Richard H. Sims vs. John O. Ferrill, administrator. Bill to cancel a deed and for relief, from Spalding.

MONTGOMERY, J.

1. When a bill charges that complainant was induced to sell land to defendant by representations of the latter that the title was defective, and the defendant is also charged as standing in a fiduciary character to complainant, and that complainant would not have sold but for such representations, which were not true, it is not error to allow complainant to prove her conversations before the representations made to her, with a third person, in which she said she had no desire to sell, for the purpose of showing the state of her mind as to her willingness or unwillingness to sell before the representations were made, especially when defendant alleges she was always willing to sell, independently of any representations made by him to her.

2. If one of the counsel makes marginal marks on a paper which goes out with the jury to direct himself in argument, it is no error in the court to refuse to compel him to rub them out before the paper goes to the jury—it not appearing that those marks conveyed any idea affecting the merits of the case.

3. Where an answer in equity is waived, the answer is not evidence against the allegations in the bill. Any admissions, however, made in the answer, stand upon the same footing with any other admissions of defendant and may be relied on by complainant as ev dence of the facts admitted. The whole answer being before the jury, and the admissions being subject to such qualifications as may be gathered from other facts of the answer; but the jury are not bound to believe the qualified one.

4. A sale of land of a testator, or intestate by the executor or administrator in the manner prescribed by law, where the estate is insolvent, divests the liens of judgments obtained in the life time of the testator or intestate, and the creditor must look to the proceeds in the hands of the representative of the estate.

5. Trust and confidence reposed in a brother-in-law by his widowed sister-in-law requires the utmost good faith, and fair dealing in any contract of sale between them. A misrepresentation of the law by the brother-in-law to his sis er-in-law, whereby she is led to believe her title to property held by her is invalid, and on this account she sells it to him, which sale is much to his advantage, vitiates the sale at her election, even though such misrepresentation was made in good faith.

6. Where, under the foregoing relations of trust and confidence, a sale is effected between the parties during the war for Confederate money, which is to be paid in cash, and the brother-in-law applies a portion of the money to the extinguishment of a lien, supposed to rest upon the property without the widow's consent, but in accordance with what he alleges, and she denies to have been the bargain, pays the widow a portion, and retains a large portion in his own hands, without her consent, and for which he does not clearly account, she is entitled to a decree setting aside the sale upon her accounting for the Confederate money, actually received by her at a fair valuation.

7. There is evidence to sustain the verdict of the jury in this case, and we find no material error in the charge or refusals to charge of the court.

Judgment affirmed.
C. Peeples, E. W. Beck, J. D. Stewart, for plaintiff in error.
B. H. Hill & Sons, D. N. Martin, *contra.*

J. S. Hamilton vs. B. A. Willingham. Complaint, from McDuffie.

MONTGOMERY, J.

When a note was given by principal and security, during the war, which at the close of the war was scaled to a gold standard, a new note given by principal alone for the amount thus scaled, and the new note accepted by the payee, in the discharge of the first note this is a novation of the original contract, and the Relief Act of 1870 is inapplicable to it, and no payment of taxes was necessary.

Judgment reversed.
Charles H. Shockley, William Reese, for plaintiff in error.
E. H. Pottle, *contra.*

The Farm and the Garden.

Bleeding from a wound on man or beast may be stopped by a mixture of wheat flour and common salt in equal parts, bound on white cloth.

Spare the song birds, for the destruction of these and the insect eating birds in some counties, and their exposure for food, has caused great evil.

FOOD FOR FOWLS.—Indian corn, cooked or raw, whole, ground fine or coarse, is the best food for fowls. This should not constitute the bill of fare alone, but oats, wheat screenings, boiled potatoes, scraps from the table, etc., should be added.

Cotton seed is becoming an article of great commercial importance in some markets. Cotton seed oil factories are consuming large quantities. Lately a demand has sprung up for the seed for export to the Southern parts of Asia and Europe.

Levities.

The first ark-tick explorers—Noah's bedbugs.

A party of gypsies were in Danburg, recently. The News says: "Those people appear to think a good deal of their native land; they carry it around with them."

The mother of an unmanageable Irish boy, living in Portland, thus excused him to the police: "Sure, Patsey isn't a bad boy, at all, but he is troubled with a roosh of mind to the brain."

An Indian complained to a rum-seller that the price of his liquor was too high. The latter, in justification, said, "That it cost as much to keep a hogshead of brandy as to keep a cow." "May be he drink as much water," replied the Indian, "but he no eat so much hay."

At a recent examination of one of the schools in Washington, the question was put to a class of small boys: "Why is the Connecticut River so-called?" When a bright little fellow replied: "Because it connects Vermont and New Hampshire, and cuts through Massachusetts."

☞A letter from Lima, Peru, says that you may see there wretched old duennas, part Indian, part negro, and part Spaniard, as ugly as night, with only a single long cotton garment and an old poncho for a dress, and the poncho clasped by a diamond brooch that the Queen of England would not disdain to wear.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—General Sheldon, of Louisiana, and Young, of Georgia, were active in defeating Morrill's amendment and adopting the substitute to the deficiency bill. If it gets the concurrence of the Senate it will give a large amount of money to the South.

In the Senate Sumner talked about mixed schools over the morning hour.

The Post office bill was resumed and a million additional subsidy given to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

An amendment giving four hundred thousand dollars to the Brazilian mail service, was passed by a vote of 25 to 24.

In the House, Beck, from the Committee on Ways and Means, reported back the Senate bill allowing a rebate of the tax on whisky destroyed by fire or other casualty while in the bonded warehouses, with an amendment excepting in cases where the tax has been actually paid, passed.

The House resumed the consideration of the Senate amendments to the deficiency bill.

The amendment in reference to the claims for cotton seized by the Government after the close of the war, requiring proof of the loyalty of the claimants, came up and gave rise to a long discussion. The Committee on Appropriations recommending non-concurrence, and reporting a substitute for it less exacting on the claimants.

Bingham made a speech against the substitute reported from the Committee on Appropriations, but Peters asserted and proved by the record that a similar proposition was reported at the last session of Congress, from the Judiciary Committee, by its chairman, Bingham himself; and Garfield added that the Committee on Appropriations had adopted the very language of the bill reported by the Judiciary Committee, on the same subject. The argument against the Senate amendment was that the cotton seized after June 30th, 1865, and to which alone it applied, was seized in violation of law and in defiance of the published orders of the War Department, forbidding the seizure of cotton after that date. Finally the substitute reported by the Committee on Appropriations for the Senate amendment was adopted without the yeas and nays, as follows: That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and is hereby authorized and directed to pay to the lawful owners, or their legal representatives of all cotton seized after June 30th, 1865, by the agents of the Government, the net proceeds without interest, of the sales of the said cotton, actually paid into the Treasury of the United States; provided, that the receipts thereof shall be taken and received in full satisfaction of all claims against the United States for, or on account of the seizure of said cotton, and a sufficient sum for such payment is hereby appropriated; and the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to prescribe rules and regulations for the ascertainment of all necessary facts for the execution thereof. This ended the Senate amendments to the deficiency bill.

The House then took up and disposed of the Senate amendments to the Indian Appropriation bill.

Kelly moved to strike out the enacting clause of the tariff and tax bills, which was carried by a vote of 95 to 75. The bill was recommitted to the Ways and Means Committee with instructions to report a bill reducing the tariff to 90 per cent. of the present rates.

The Supreme Court adjourned to October.

Probabilities.—Falling barometer, easterly to southerly winds, cloudy and threatening weather, with rain, will prevail on Wednesday from the Ohio Valley, northward and west, and will probably extend eastward over the lower lake region. Partially cloudy weather, with southerly winds over the Southern States. Partially cloudy weather, with west winds, veering to the north, over the southern portion of the Middle and New England States. Dangerous winds are not anticipated.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—A public meeting of the Chamber of Commerce the committee of one hundred leading citizens and the St. Louis delegation, now here in the interest of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad enterprise, was held this morning. The meeting was a very enthusiastic one.

The following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That we unanimously accept the proposition from St. Louis.

The proposition is for San Francisco to subscribe for at least ten millions of stock of the 35th parallel road; to furnish terminal facilities and be represented by three or four directors in the board of thirteen. St. Louis is to do as much for the enterprise

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, May 7.—The Fifteenth General Conference of the African Methodist Church of the United States is now in session here. Delegates are in attendance from New England, New York, Pennsylvania, Indiana, California, Alabama, Georgia, Arkansas, Maryland, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, Kentucky, Texas and Virginia. Bishops Quinn, of Indiana, Payne and Shorter, of Ohio, Wayman, of Baltimore, Campbell, of Philadelphia, Ward, of California and Brown, of the District of Columbia, are present.

MEMPHIS, May 7.—W. J. A. Bell, a farmer living six miles from Bartlett, was waylaid and murdered last night. There is no clue to the murderers. Bell's body when found was partly eaten by hogs.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7.—Wm. Webb *alias* Buck was killed in the Eastern Penitentiary, this morning, by his room mate, Mike Trimber, by striking him on the head with an iron plate. The deed was acknowledged by Webb, who said he killed him in a quarrel. Both men were undergoing sentences of fifteen years for a rape, committed a few years since, on Broad street. Prison overcrowded and solitary confinement cannot be enforced in all cases.

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, May 7.—Great excitement prevails among steamboatmen to day. Boats of nearly all lines have been stopped by the United States Supervising Inspectors, thus making a complete blockade in freight and business, and doing incalculable injury to the lines.

MIDNIGHT DISPATCHES.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—Indians are swarming around Prescott. The Miner, newspaper, has two columns of accounts of fresh atrocities. J. White has been murdered in Williamson Valley. The troops remain idle—awaiting the result of General Howard's peace mission. The Indians attacked Frio Station and killed G. W. Smith and Joe Ackerman both well known citizens of Prescott, and captured all the stock. The bodies of the murdered men were stripped and disfigured. The station has been abandoned. The body of Osborne P. Clarke, from Texas, was found one mile north of Mint Valley, shot in the head and breast. J. Gallagher was severely wounded by the Indians at Beaver Creek.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, May 7.—Rev. S. B. Rockwood, Secretary of the New England branch of the Tract Society, died to-day; aged fifty-five years.

MISSOURI.

ST. LOUIS, May 7.—The St. Clair and Carondalet Bridge Company have contracted for the construction of a bridge across the Missis-ippi at South St. Louis. It will be completed in two years, at a cost of about four millions of dollars. It is to be a double track railroad and carriage-way bridge.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 7.—The quadrennial report of the agents of the Methodist Book Concern shows $717,904 in the Book Concern building and fittings, or three-quarters of the value, the other one-quarter belonging to the missionary society, making a total cost of $-50,356. A portion of the building rented for $72,700 annually, which pays interest at 7 per cent. upon the whole cost of property, and leaves a balance of $6,170 towards paying taxes and insurance, and bonds of Concern to the amount of half a million towards the cost of property payable after three years and due in fifteen years from June 1, 1869, were all taken at par and and accrued interest without brokerage or advertising. The sales of books for the last four years amount to $2,426,840 and profits to $362,094, of which amount $105,414 have been paid under the general conference appropriations and balance $256,681, added to capital, which, 30th November last, amounted to $1,850,179. Total assets, including real estate, were $1,850,815, and liabilities $795,136. There was at the same time, cash amounting to $75,159 on hand, and was due from missionary society $68,351, and from other parties $241,220, which total, or $389,740, may be applied to liquidate the indebtedness of the concern without interfering materially with its regular business, leaving the liabilities at $410,899, which can, in a few years, by annual reductions, be entirely paid.

Considerable space is devoted to the accounts of newspaper publications, all of which are flourishing.

Depositories at Boston, Pittsburg and Buffalo are doing well, and are in good hands, and the Concern was never in as good condition for transacting business as at present.

Damages against the Evening Post in the libel suit of Captain Samuels has been reduced by the jury from $50,000 to $500.

E. N. Brown, formerly a division superintendent of the Erie Road, is offered the General Superintendency, and will probably accept.

No credence is given to the rumor that Mayor Hall will be again tried on the old indictments as well as the new on which the present grand jury are expected to find.

The government obtained a verdict of $59,-700 against Wm. Goodhue & Sherman as the value of jute bags incorrectly invoiced.

Fashion Items.

The latest style of parasol has the handle and top made of red Russian leather mounted in gold.

Some very beautiful sacques are made of colored guipure laces, in blue, tan, or pink, with evens and turn-over collar.

Very large fans are fashionable this year, and are of solid mother of pearl or of satin trimmed with gold lace or fringe

Colored silk hose and high heeled kid or silk slippers to match the dress is the fashionable "foot toilette" for home wear.

Scientific men tell us that pianos should always stand North and South. The tone of the instrument is said to be improved by this position.

The latest style of invitations are printed on plain note paper, without initial letters, crest or monograms on either the paper or the envelope.

Masonic "Timbers."

Masonry was carried to the West when it was a wilderness, by the officers and soldiers of the revolutionary army.

George Anderson was successively elected to the office of Treasurer in Cumberland Lodge, Nashville, Tenn., fifty times.

Henry Clay was a Mason as early as 1809. In 1819, he was Grand Orator of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky, and in 1821, its Grand Master.

In the year 1425, Freemasonry was prohibited in England, occasioned principally by the Bishop of Winchester, who was desirous of obtaining the sole government of the State affairs, and conceived an idea that the craft, as a body, was inimical to his designs.

Literary Items.

The annual income of the London Times from advertisements is said to be about $1,-460,000.

Dr. Hepburn, of the Presbyterian Board of missions, whose field is in Japan, is now at Shanghai, China, superintending the printing of his new revised edition of the Japanese language.

M. de Frecinet, mining engineer, has published, in four volumes, the results of his inquiries as an imperial commissioner into the methods adopted in the factories and workshops of England, France, Belgium and Germany, for ventilating them, and preventing the ill effects of deleterious agencies on the health of the operatives.

☞A good lesson to teachers is conveyed by the following simple anecdote:

"How is it, my dear," inquired a schoolmistress of a little girl, "how is it that you do not understand this simple thing?"

"I do not know, indeed;" she answered with a perplexed look, "but I sometimes think I've so many things to learn that I have no time to understand."

STICK TO THE TRUTH.—A lecturer up in Maine, or somewhere else, was explaining to a little girl how a lobster cast his shell when he had outgrown it, and said, "What do you do when you have outgrown your clothes—you cast them aside, do you not?"

"Oh, no," replied the little one, "we let out the tucks."

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Cotton nominal; uplands 23¾; Orleans 24; sales 84 bales.

Cotton sales for future delivery to-day 10,600 bales, as follows: May, 22⅞@23 June, 23 7-16@23 9-16. July, 23¼@23⅜. August, 23⅜. September, 22. October, 20¾. November, 19¼.

Flour firmer and moderately active; common to fair extra $3a10; good to choice $10 05a12 75. Whisky 88. Wheat irregular, closing dull with noon's advance nearly lost; winter red western $1 87a1 93. Corn a shade firmer at 76a77. Rice firm at 8¼a9¼. Pork $13 75. Beef unchanged. Lard heavy at 8¼a9¼. Navals dull and heavy. Tallow steady. Freights heavy.

Money 7 in currency to gold. Sterling quiet. Gold 13¼a13⅜. Governments off ⅛; States very dull. Tennessees and new South Carolinas ¼ off; rest quiet.

LATER—New 5s 11¼; 81s 1863, 12¼; 64s 12½; 65s 13½; new 14½; 7s 15⅛; 8s 15½; 10-40s 10¾. Tennessee 67, new 67. Virginias 46, new 53. Louisianas 58; new 55. Levees 66; 8s 76. Alabamas 87; 5s 60. Georgias 70; 7s 89. North Carolinas 36; new 18½. South Carolinas 45; new 36½.

MEMPHIS, May 7.—Cotton weak; middlings 23; receeipts 339 bales.

WILMINGTON, May 7—Cotton firm; middlings 23; net receipts 47 bales; exports coastwise 64; stock 2,494.

PHILADELPHIA, May 7—Cotton quiet; middlings 23¾.

AUGUSTA, May 7.—Cotton dull; middlings 22; net receipts 75 bales; sales 100.

BOSTON, May 7.—Cotton firm; middlings 23¾; net receipts 101 bales; gross 942; exports to Great Britain 51; sales 200; stock 13,000.

GALVESTON, May 7.—Cotton steady; good ordinary 20¾a20¾; net receipts 130 bales; exports coastwise 40sales 200; stock 9,131.

CHARLESTON, May 7.—Cotton steady; middlings 23¾; net receipts 393; sales 600; stock 14,346.

NEW ORLEANS, May 7.—Cotton—middlings 23; net receipts 1,622 bales; gross 1,745; exports to Liverpool 1,616; sales 1,500; stock 84,736.

NORFOLK, May 7.—Cotton—low middlings 22; net

The Daily Constitution.

ATLANTA:

WEDNESDAY, MAY 8, 1872.

City Intelligence.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Read all the new advertisements. Time is limited and we cannot index them.

COME OUT TO-DAY.—Let every Democrat come out to the polls to-day, and vote for Glenn. Beware of apathy.

DAVIS INFANTRY.—The Davis Infantry meet at the Chamber of Commerce to-night to elect officers.

MAYOR JAMES.—Hon. John H. James, Mayor, left for New York last night. He will be absent some two weeks.

HOT.—The thermometer stood yesterday evening at 4 o'clock at 88 in the drug store of H. C. Pope.

DIED, in Athens, on yesterday, the 7th, after a lingering illness, Charles M. Lumpkin, a son of the late Judge Joseph H Lumpkin, of Athens.

LADIES' MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION.—The members of the Ladies' Memorial Association are earnestly requested to be at the car shed at 9 o'clock this morning.

DISCHARGED.—United States Commissioner, W. B. Smith, yesterday discharged Thomas Williams charged with attempting to pass a counterfeit gold piece.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.—The ladies of the First Methodist Church have a strawberry and ice cream festival, in Austell's Building on Decatur street, to-morrow night.

MEMBERS OF THE PRESS.—The following members of the press reached here last night. J. H. Christy, Athens; C. H. C. Willingham, LaGrange; G. A. Miller, Columbus; J. W. Woodward, Dahlonega.

PICNICS.—The Fifth Baptist Sunday School picnic to Stone Mountain to-day.

The First Methodist Sunday School picnic to Ponce de Leon Spring next Saturday.

SALE OF PLANTS, ETC.—The great sale of plants, shrubs, etc., takes place this morning in the store of K Van Goldtsnoven, in the Capitol. T. C. Mayson, auctioneer. Those wishing to supply themselves had better attend. Rare and beautiful plants will be offered.

BOARDING HOUSE.—The Calhoun House, on Alabama street, kept by Mr. A. W. Brown, is being repainted and fitted up. Parties desiring a comfortable, convenient boarding house—one where a great deal of care and personal attention is paid to the table—will find it to their interest to call upon Mr. Brown.

COMMITTEE ON RECEPTION OF THE PRESS. The following gentlemen compose the above committee:

General A. H. Colquitt, Colonel B. C. Yancey, Col. R. A. Alston, Colonel T. C. Howard, W. C. Morris, W. A. Hemphill., A. Austell, E. Platt, B. Mallon, Hon. D. Pittman.

SALES AT THE CITY HALL.—The Marshal and Sheriff sold a few lots yesterday for taxes.

The sleeping car, Albany and Brunswick, levied on for taxes due by H. I. Kimball, was not sold, Gov Smith claiming it as the property of the State.

The sale of the furniture, etc., of the Kimball House was enjoined by Judge Hopkins.

DALTON DISTRICT CONFERENCE.—This body convenes at Dalton to-morrow, and is looked forward to with great interest by our North Georgia friends. Bishop Wightman will preside; and we learn that a special train will leave Chattanooga on Sunday morning next, conveying parties to and from Dalton at greatly reduced rates.

HABEAS CORPUS CASE.—Judge Cowart yesterday, in the habeas corpus case of J. T. Hancock, discharged him, there being no cause whatever shown for his detention. Soon after his release Hancock was re arrested by Deputy United States Marshal G. B. Chamberlain. We understand that a writ of habeas corpus will be sued out before Judge Erskine and heard to-morrow.

FULTON SUPERIOR COURT.—Yesterday Henry Clark, colored, plead guilty to burglary in the day time, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for three years.

Andrew Brooks, colored, was found guilty of an assault with intent to rape a white woman, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years.

Judge Hopkins, in passing sententence, enunciated sound and sensible views.

ARRESTED.—Lieutenant Henry Holmes and D. M. Queen and John O'Shields, of the police force, went to Chattahoochee river yesterday, and arrested the notorious Mil on Bonds, colored, who escaped from Gwinnett county jail some time since, where he was confined on a charge of rape; and Levi Turner, colored, an escaped convict from Cobb county chain gang, to which he was sentenced for simple larceny.

These officers deserve special mention for their efficiency and energy in this matter.

THE "COLORED TROOPS."—The colored population had a picnic on Monday to Flowers' Station, on the Air-Line Railroad, known, we believe, as now Doraville. The negroes got in a general fight among themselves. It is rumored that a negro named John Crawford hit Mr. John Flowers on the head with a rock and killed him. It is reported that the negroes were firing, and the place being incorporated, Mr. Flowers called upon them to desist, whereupon they set upon him as stated.

We could not ascertain at police headquarters anything definite about the report.

THE BEETHOVEN SOCIETY.—The annual meeting of this society was held on Monday night. The hall was tastefully decorated with flowers. The annual reports showed that the society was in a flourishing condition. It has a membership of forty five.

The election of officers resulted in the selection of the following:

President, W. H. Parkins; Vice President, W. A. Haynes; Secretary, W. LeConte Stevens; Treasurer, Ed. A. Werner; Librarian, John Doonan; Musical Director, R. Steel; Pianist, Mrs. L. H. Clarke.

NOTES ABOUT THE PRESS ASSOCIATION. The Committees on Speakers and Toasts meet at the office of Dr. John M. Johnson this morning at 11 o'clock.

The Initiation and Finance Committees meet at THE CONSTITUTION Office at 9 o'clock.

The General Committee will meet at THE CONSTITUTION Office at 9:30 this morning.

The Reception Committee will meet in the arcade of the Kimball House at 9 o'clock, sharp, this morning.

It is important that there be a full attendance of each committee at the time and place designated.

The ride to Ponce de Leon Spring will take place to-morrow at 9 o'clock. An hour will be spent there. There will be speaking there.

The citizens generally and ladies especially are invited to be present.

ATLANTA, GA., MAY 7, 1872.—*Editors Constitution:* Please publish the following for the benefit of those who wish dispatch of correspondence, newspapers, etc., into a section of country which has, until now, been attended with some delay in transit.

On and after this date a daily mail will leave Atlanta Post Office at 3 P. M. and be carried on fast train, which leaves at 4 o'clock P. M.

These mails will contain matter for Rome, Georgia, and make connection with Rome, Selma and Dalton Railroad going south, and all offices on that line; and points beyond can be reached in the shortest time possible.

Matter intended for this line should be placed in the office not later than 3 P. M.

JAMES L. DUNNING, Postmaster.

THE PEACH CROP.—From all directions comes the acceptable news that the fruit crop, now beyond the contingency of frost, gives promise of a most bounteous harvest. We cannot let the occasion pass without one word of encouragement and warning to our friends.

In 1868 several hundred thousand dollars was added to the wealth of this region by the sale of dried peaches alone. While all due attention was given to cotton and corn, it was found that the women and children afforded ample supernumerary labor to attend to this light employment, whose results were of such solid benefit to the country.

Let the farmers now employ every leisure moment in the preparation of scaffolds, furnaces, shelters, and such other appurtenances as may be necessary for the drying of this delicious fruit, always remembering that thus prepared with care, it never fails to command remunerative prices.

Above all we counsel our friends to refrain from turning this great blessing into the "liquid fires of damnation." Sent forward, to market as dried fruit, it results in increased wealth and blessing to the country and to the farmer. Distilled, whether we regard the meagre result in pecuniary profits, or the positive evils of its use, or the annoyance from revenue laws, it becomes an actual curse.

We could never see how a consistent, high-minded Christian farmer could consent to adopt this course.

Let the press of the country, from this time forward, constantly urge our friends in the country to the saving of this vast crop of fruit, an attention which will add many thousands of dollars to the pockets of a needy people.

We invite articles from all sources in regard to the best and cheapest modes of drying peaches.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA.

Regular Order of Business—Cases Yet to be Decided.

[FURNISHED BY HENRY JACKSON, SUPREME COURT REPORTER.]

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, *May* 7, 1872.

After the delivery of the decisions in the cases heretofore argued, the regular order of business was resumed.

NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

Nos. 5 and 6, John B. Latimer vs. R. Stokes Sayre, and John B. Latimer vs. Harriet Syre, et al. Equity, from Hancock. Argued together. Linton Stephens, George F Pierce, for plaintiff in error. R. Toombs, C. W. DuBose, contra.

No. 11, James E. and Charles C. Lowe vs. Elizabeth and Margaret Tarver. Equity, from Warren. Argued. R. Toombs, R. H. Pottle, for plaintiff's in error. Linton Stephens, contra.

SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.

No. 10. T. N. W. and J. R. G. Horn vs. Mary F. Bird. Illegality, from Sumter. Argued. Hawkins and Guerry, for plaintiff's in error. W. A. Hawkins, A. R Brown, represented by N. J. Hammond, contra.

No. 11, J. R. G Horn, T. N. W. Horn, administrators, vs. L. R. Spivy. Illegality, from Sumter. Argued. Hawkins and Guerry, for plaintiff's in error. C. T. Goode, W. A. Hawkins, A. R. Brown, represented by N. J. Hammond, contra.

MACON CIRCUIT.

No. 14, City of Albany and the Southwestern Rail road Company vs. John Screven, Receiver. Injunction from Bibb. Argued. Smith and Jones, Clarke and Goss, for plaintiff's in error. Nisbett and Jackson, represented by N. J. Hammond, contra.

MIDDLE CIRCUIT.

No. 1—withdrawn.

These cases conclude the docket.

The Supreme Court concluded on yesterday the call of the entire docket for the January Term, 1872. Some few decisions remain to be delivered. As soon as the Court is prepared to decide these cases, it will finally adjourn. This will be to-morrow, or the next day.

STREET RAILROAD TO PONCE DE LEON SPRING.—The following is the petition presented to Council in behalf of the city subscription to this project:

At a recent meeting of citizens the undersigned were appointed a committee to solicit subscriptions for the construction of a street railway from some central point in the city to the Ponce de Leon Mineral Spring.

In the discharge of this duty, we beg leave to call the attention of your honorable body to the fact that the waters of this spring have acquired a high character for their curative qualities, and that numerous cases may be cited in which their virtues have furnished relief to the invalid.

Their close proximity to the city renders them easily accessible by a street railway, involving a very small expenditure for its construction in comparison with the benefit to be derived therefrom.

Atlanta, at an altitude of 1,050 feet above the sea, standing at the summit of the dividing ridge between the waters flowing into the Atlantic on the one side, and the Gulf of Mexico on the other, has already become renowned for her fine climate, pure water and consequent good health.

To aid her still further, and to establish beyond question her superiority as a summer resort, we have the fortunate discovery of these mineral waters of a superior character and within easy reach of her business centre.

But to render this discovery of the greatest practical value, it is absolutely necessary that a cheap mode of reaching the spring be devised—one always ready and so cheap that all classes, the poor as well as the rich, can avail themselves of its advantages.

These advantages can be attained by the construction of a street railway, the route being entirely practicable.

It will offer to the citizens of Atlanta and her visitors a cheap mode of reaching the spring over a route offering many beautiful views of the city and mountains in this and neighboring States.

Offering as it will to our numerous visitors a cheap and ready way of reaching the water, it will save the necessity and expense of carriage hire, an item of no small account when we take into consideration the fact that it will save to them an amount equal to their daily board bills.

This new attraction would draw thousands of visitors to our city.

Our railways, hotels and merchants in fact all interests would be benefited largely in excess of its cost.

It is within the means of the citizens of Atlanta, with the aid of your honorable body make our city a watering place of note provided we make use of the advantages that nature has provided us.

In view of the facts recited, we respectfully petition your honorable body to aid this enterprise in which the city at large is deeply interested, by a liberal subscription to the same.

Respectfully submitted,

E. HULBERT,
J. R. WALLACE,
Er LAWSHE.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—The Chamber met, according to announcement, at their hall last night. Vice President, W. J. Garrett, in the chair. Some fourteen or fifteen members were present.

The Committee on Transportation reported favorably on the resolutions offered by J. Norcross, and recommended that they be submitted to Council at an early day.

The resolutions were to the effect that as a condition precedent to the Mayor and Council of Atlanta holding stock in the Georgia Western Railroad, or paying in money or bonds to said company that in all freights passing over said road, in either direction and shipped from any point or consigned to any point within 200 miles of Atlanta, the rates of freight thereon shall be no lower that the rates on the same article as per mile to or from Atlanta; that a perpetual covenant embracing these conditions should be entered into between the Georgia Western Railroad and the city of Atlanta, signed, sealed and recorded in the county records of Fulton before any further payments are made by the city to said road; to appoint a committee to present these resolutions to Council and ask ask that the same be made a contract never to be annulled except by two-thirds majority of the legal voters of Atlanta.

Dr. C. L. Redwine offered as an additional resolution, that before further payments be made that a condition be made with the Georgia Western Railroad that no preferred stock shall be issued over the stock held by the city of Atlanta, and that all stock be held equal.

Remarks were made by Hon. R. J. Lowry, J. Norcross, D. Mayer, C. H. Strong and C. L. Redwine, and the amendment adopted

Report of committee, as amended, adopted.

The Transportation Committee were appointed to lay the resolutions before Council.

ATLANTA, GA., May 7, 1872—*Mrs. J. M. Johnson, President L. M. A.*—You will please find enclosed an order on the City Treasurer for fifty dollars the same being my first quarter's salary as a member of the Council from the 4th Ward, which amount I donate to the Ladies' Memorial Association for the purpose of decorating the graves of the Confederate dead buried in our City Cemetery.

I am, very respectfully, THOS. W. J. HILL.

ATLANTA May 7, 1872.

Thomas W. J. Hill, Esq.:

DEAR SIR—I have received your order for fifty dollars "the same being your first quarter's salary as a member of the City Council from the Fourth Ward," and donated to the Ladies' Memorial Association for the purpose of decorating the graves of the Confederate dead buried in our city cemetery.

In the name of the Ladies' Memorial Association of Atlanta, I thank you for this most liberal donation.

Our society organized for the purpose of preserving the memory of our fallen heroes—of making beautiful the sacrifice of their lives, and of garlanding with flowers the gateway of death—will never cease their labors but with the last pulsation of their hearts.

Respectfully,

MARY W. JOHNSON,
President L. M. A.

THE SUMMER RESORT OF GEORGIA—THE KIMBALL HOUSE—THE FAMOUS PONCE DE LEON SPRING.—We are informed that Mr. Crittenden has consented to improve Ponce de Leon Spring and its romantic surroundings, that it may be attractive to the guests of his hotel. In a very few days the Spring will be in good order, roads will be made about the grounds, seats be placed around the large forest trees on the hill above the Spring, which will make it really the prettiest place about Atlanta. The road from the city to the Spring, which is about two miles, is good, and, with the improvements at the Spring, will give our citizens what they have never before had, a delightful evening resort.

Mr. Crittenden will soon establish an omnibus line to the spring, leaving the Kimball house several times during the day. This will be a great benefit to our citizens as well as to the guests of the hotel. Although Mr. Crittenden has made this a matter of business in connecting the spring with his hotel, much credit should be given him by our citizens for the pleasure it will afford them and benefit it will be in bringing hundreds and perhaps thousands to spend the summer months in our city.

Success to the Kimball House and the Ponce de Leon Spring.

Local and Business Notices.

ICE CREAM, by the gallon or plate. Families and parties supplied. LEWIS COOK,
may8—dtf Collier Building.

THE WONDERFUL Woven Wire Mattress, and a large and elegant stock of Office, Parlor and Chamber Furniture, for sale at THE EMPORIUM,
may7—d3t Kile Corner.

If you want fine Shoes and Gaiters, call at the Sterling Store, No. 32 Whitehall, and you will save money, as they are selling out without fail. may8—d3t

AHEAD OF ALL.—The Sterling Store is selling Table Linens at 45 cents per yard, worth 75; Bleached at 65 cents, worth $1 00. Linen Napkins 65 cents per dozen, worth $1 00. The Sterling Store, No. 32 Whitehall street, proposes to undersell anybody for the next 30 days. may8-d2t

"EVERYBODY SAYS SO," that Harris, Owens & Co. beat the city in the Boot and Shoe line.
may5—d2t-sun&wed

WE try to please the ladies in pretty Shoes. Let them come and see if we can't, at HARRIS, OWENS & CO.'S.
may5—d2t-sun&wed

A PERFECT SUCCESS—The immense sales of those *real* Lama Lace Points at six dollars, worth *twelve*, at the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street. STEINHEIMER BROS.
may5—d3t

JUST received, a splendid assortment of Misses', Ladies and Children's Laced Serge Gaiters of a celebrated manufacture, at unprecedented low prices—only at the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street.
may5—d3t STEINHEIMER BROS.

NOTICE TO GENTLEMEN.—If you want a fine pair of those easy wearing, perfect fitting Serge Gaiters—Prince Alberts or French Ties—go to the New York Store, No. 39 Whitehall street. may5—d3t

SPECIAL.—A complete and entire new line of Ribbons, Foreign and Domestic Dress Goods, Swiss and Jaconet, Muslins, Victoria and Bishop Lawns, and a large variety of Parasols, to be closed out at astonishing low prices, at the New York Store, 39 Whitehall street. may5—d3t

ONE of the prettiest and best selected stock of Boots and Shoes ever brought to this market at HARRIS, OWENS & CO.'S, Corner Marietta and Broad streets, Grant Building.
may5—d2t-sun&wed

DON'T fail to go to Harris, Owens & Co.'s and see their beautiful stock.
may5—d2t-sun&wed

THE prettiest Side Lace Gaiter in the city at HARRIS, OWENS & CO.'S.
may5—d2t-sun&wed

THE hand made Boots and Shoes, genuine French Calf, at Harris, Owens & Co.'s, for Gent's wear. may5—d2t-sun&wed

"THE PRINCE ALBERT" for Gents', at HARRIS, OWENS & CO.'S.
may5—d2t-sun&wed

LAWNS at 12½c.
Ermani (Black Dress Goods) at 7½c.
Grenadines at 7½c.
And all other goods in proportion, at CAHN BROTHERS,
apr28-d1m 87 Whitehall St.

PARASOLS and Fans for less than half their value, at CAHN BROTHERS,
apr28-d1m 87 Whitehall St.

FOR THE SUMMER.—I am now prepared to furnish regular meals at the usual hours. My Restaurant is fitted up for the summer campaign. R. G. THOMPSON.
apr17-wed & sun-tf

THE cheapest Dress Goods and White Goods in the city, at CAHN BROTHERS,
apr28-d1m 87 Whitehall St.

SHOES and Boots for Ladies, Misses and Children, at CAHN BROTHERS,
apr28-d1m 87 Whitehall St.

CORSETS and Fancy Goods of every description, sold at a sacrifice, at CAHN BROTHERS.
apr28-d1m

MEN'S Boys' and Children's Straw Hats, at your own price, at CAHN BROTHERS.
apr28-d1m

DON'T buy until you have examined the goods, and prices, at CAHN BROTHERS,
apr28-d1m 87 Whitehall St.

LAVENDER, Pearl, Sage, Drab, and many other shades of plain and striped Pantaloonings, a large variety of Silk and Marseilles Vestings. EISEMAN & BRO.,
apr20—apr3-tf 56 Whitehall street.

HANDSOME shades of Brown, Olive, Green, Blue, Dahlia, Wine and other colored Coatings. EISEMAN & BRO.,
Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,
apr20-mch6—dtf 56 Whitehall street.

THE regular Annual Meeting of the Young Men's Library Association will be held Tuesday, 14th of May, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

A full attendance of the members is earnestly requested, as business of vital importance to the interests of the Association will come up.

Nominations will then be made for officers and Board of Directors for the ensuing year.

The regular annual election to take place on the following Tuesday, from 2 to 9 o'clock, P. M.

All officers, Chairmen of Committees and the Board of Directors are hereby notified to have their reports ready to be received and acted upon by the Association at the annual meetings. GEO. H. HAMMOND,
apr14-d4tsun Sec. Y. M. L. A.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST stock of Furniture in the city, at "The Emporium," Kile Corner. apr7—d1m

TO PUBLISHERS.—News Ink in twenty five pound kegs, and upwards, can be had at THE CONSTITUTION office. The Ink is fresh—just from market.
aug20—dtf

BOARDING.—Board, with pleasant rooms can be had at Mrs. Benton's on Church street, near Peachtree street. may4-dtf

LEWIS COOK, Collier Building, Whitehall street, receives daily, and will continue to receive during the season, fresh supplies of Shad. He also receives daily fresh Sea Fish from Mobile. Don't fail to purchase your fish of Lewis Cook. He can supply you in either small or large quantities.
feb17— oct13—dtf

RUPTURE CURED.—Patients go away daily from our office, having obtained relief, or are cured by us. If we can cure you, we will tell you so. No charge for examination. Call and see Drs. Rowe and Taber, corner Marietta and Broad streets, over Southern Life Insurance Company, Atlanta, Ga., and throw away your old trusses. Address box 262, Atlanta, Ga. dec24-tf

SPRING GOODS opening at EISEMAN & BRO.,
jan13—dtf 56 Whitehall street.

ICE CREAM.—R. G. Thompson is prepared, from this date, to supply families, parties and picnics, with Ice Cream, in any quantity, at reasonable prices. apr17-wed & sun-tf

LATEST BY TELEGRAM.—These hard times, people should look to their interest and spend their money to the best advantage. Then spend your money at M. Heyman & Bro.'s for Boots and Shoes. Go and examine their stock of Ladies and Gents' Custom Made goods, and see for yourself that your money will last longer, and the goods be better than you could expect. Look at their goods at No. 16 Kimball House.
apr21—d2taw1m

In the District Court of the United States—for the Northern District of Georgia.

THIS is to give notice, once a week for three weeks, that I have been appointed Assignee of James W. Sappington of Fulton county, Ga., who has been adjudged a bankrupt, by the Court of said district, upon his own petition. NOAH R. FOWLER, Assignee.
apr21-law6w

CARD SPECIAL.—Visitors now in the city, and those to arrive, we extend a cordial invitation to visit our Store and examine the large, elegant and fashionable Spring Stock of JEWELRY of Foreign and Home Manufacture. We have received in the past ten days the handsomest and finest stock ever brought to this city. We shall offer such inducements to purchasers that will fit the purses of all.

KNOW THIS FACT—We intend to sell. Visit our Store whether you desire to purchase or not, we will consider it a favor.

SHARP & FLOYD.
Manufacturers and Importers of Fine Jewelry, Watches and Diamonds,
may3-d1w Atlanta, Ga.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE!

FASTEST ROUTE

TO AND FROM

NEW YORK.

Western and Atlantic Railroad,

OFFICE MASTER OF PRANSPORTATION,
ATLANTA, GA., April 17th, 1872.

ON and after Sunday, 21st instant, (Day Passenger Train (outward,) leaves Atlanta 8 30 A. M., connecting at Kingston with

Through Fast Line to New Orleans

Day Passenger—NEW YORK FAST LINE—leaves Atlanta 4:05 P. M., connecting at Dalton with

East Tennessee Through Line to New York

Time 48 hours 30 minutes!

Night Passenger Fast Line to New York, leaves Atlanta 11:10 P. M., via East Tennessee and Georgia, at Dalton, or

Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, at Chattanooga.

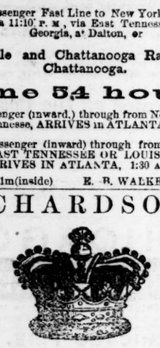
Time 54 hours.

Day Passenger (inward,) through from New York via East Tennessee, ARRIVES in ATLANTA 3:50 P.M.

Night Passenger (inward) through from New York via EAST TENNESSEE OR LOUISVILLE, ARRIVES IN ATLANTA, 1:30 A. M.

apr17—d1m(inside) E. B. WALKER, M. T.

RICHARDSON'S



CROWN SHERRY!

Imported direct from Cadiz, Spain, for sale by REDWINE & FOX,
Corner Alabama and Whitehall Streets,
march30—deodly Atlanta, Ga.

United States Mashal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, Augustus R. Wright, administrator of Charles A. Wheeler, in the following case, to-wit:

Augustus R Wright, Administrator of Charles A. Wheeler, versus A. B. Maloney.

I have levied upon, as the property of A. B Maloney the following described lots of land, viz: lots numbers 211, 213 and 213 in the 14th District and 4th Section of Chattooga county, State of Georgia, and lot number 15 in the 5th District and 4th Section of said county and State, each of said lots or parcels of land containing 160 acres, more or less.

And will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House in the city of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in May next,

between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, April 6, 1872.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
apr7-deaw5. United States Marshal.

United States Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable, the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiff, Augustus R. Wright, administrator of Charles A. Wheeler, in the following case, to-wit:

Augustus R. Wright, Administrator of Charles A. Wheeler, vs. Robert S. Foster and James L. Bule.

I have levied upon, as the property of Robt S. Foster the following described lot of land, viz: Lot number one hundred and thirty-six (136) in the 14th District and 4th section of Chattooga county, State of Georgia, containing one hundred and sixty acres, more or less, and will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Atlanta, county of Fulton, and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in May next,

between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, 6th April, 1872.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
apr9-deaw3t United States Marshal.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

Charleston and Savannah Routes.

ON and after Friday, April 18th, all Freight Bills must be paid daily or on delivery of freight.

This is rendered necessary in consequence of daily abstracts and balances drawn at sight, one against the other, between the Railroad and Steamship Companies, in all matters pertaining to the transportation of freight, and the regulations requiring Delivering Agent to make prompt collections.

H. P. CLARK, Agent
Macon and Western Railroad.
ED. A. WERNER, Agent
Georgia Railroad.
apr17—d3m

BARGAINS

IN

DRY GOODS

AT

PECK, deSAULLES & CO.

JAPANESE Silks commencing at 60 cents.

Summer Silks commencing at $1 00.
Plain Gros Grain Silks commencing at $1 25.
Wool Cassimers commencing at 65 cents.
Victoria Lawns commencing at 30 cents.
Swiss Muslins commencing at 12½ cents.
Lama Lace Points commencing at $10 00.
Lama Lace Sacks commencing at $7 00.
All Linen Handkerchiefs commencing at 10 cents
All Linen Doyles commencing at 5 cents.
All Linen Towels commencing at 10 cents.
Marseilles Quilts commencing at $1 25.
Parasols in magnificent assortment.

Also, a very fine and rare collection of

REAL LACES,

in Valenciennes, Point Applique and Thread. Also, half real and imitation ditto.

To open on Tuesday, new styles in

Dress Goods,

which please call and examine. Great pleasure taken in showing goods, and samples sent to any part of the country, by addressing

PECK, DESAULLES & CO.,
may5—d1w Whitehall street.

A Very Desirable Country Seat FOR SALE.

AT KIRKWOOD,

FOUR MILES from the city of Atlanta, and only 12 to 15 minutes ride from the Passenger Depot, with accommodation and other trains stopping and passing daily, to suit any regular business in the city. The lot contains 10 acres and more, about 4 of which are heavily timbered. The grounds are well laid and worked out, and has a variety of the choicest Fruit Trees, with Flower and Vegetable Gardens in order.

The Dwelling has 9 rooms, including Kitchen, and upon the premises are Servants House, Barns and other necessary buildings.

This property lies between General J. B. Gordon's and Colonel Howard's residence, and in sight of the prosperous Kirkwood Academy.

All the surroundings are the very best, with the very best of neighbors.

Apply to

R. C. ROBSON,
James' Bank Block,
or S. B. ROBSON,
on premises.
may4—d1w&w1t

JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THE CONSTITUTION OFFICE.

THE

Atlanta Constitution

DEMOCRATIC,

DAILY AND WEEKLY.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

—OF—

The State of Georgia.

Published at the Capital of Georgia.

A NEWSPAPER FOR ALL CLASSES.

Merchants, Lawyers, Mechanics and others.

CONTAINS FULL REPORTS OF

Legislative Proceedings.

—ALSO—

Full Supreme Court Reports

—AND—

DECISIONS.

CAPTAIN HENRY JACKSON, Reporter of the Court, being *exclusively* engaged by THE CONSTITUTION. Every Lawyer in Georgia should take it on this account.

NEWS AND TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES

From all quarters of the Globe, including

MARKETS—DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN.

The Correspondence Department

IS A SPECIALTY.

Letters from Washington.

Political, Literary and Fashion Letters.

No citizen of Georgia should be without the OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE, published at the Capital, the fountain head of Political and General Intelligence.

No family should be without the LOCAL PAPER and OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE GOVERNMENT, issued at the Capital.

TERMS:

Daily, per annum	$10 00
Daily, six months	5 00
Daily, three months	2 50
Weekly, one year	2 00
Weekly, six months	1 00
Clubs of Ten	15 00

And paper to the getter up.

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E. Y. CLARKE.....Co-Editor.
J. T. LUMPKIN.....News Editor.
W. G. WHIDBY.....Local Editor.
W. A. HEMPHILL....Business Manager.

PROPRIETORS:

W. A. HEMPHILL. E. Y. CLARKE

On all matters other than business address EDITORS OF THE CONSTITUTION. On business, address

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,
jan5—dtf ATLANTA, GA.

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES THE WORST PAINS.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES

NOT ONE HOUR

after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays Inflammations, and cures Congestion, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES,

no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bed-ridden Infirm, Crippled Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

WILL AFFORD INSTANT EASE.

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congestion of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chill.

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heart, burn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of **Radway's Ready Relief** with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE,

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

Strong and Pure Rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and Beautiful Complexion secured to all.

Dr. Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent

Has made the most astonishing Cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the Body undergoes, under the influence of this Truly Wonderful Medicine, that

EVERY DAY AN INCREASE IN FLESH AND WEIGHT IS SEEN AND FELT.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood, Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphilis, Consumption, Glandular diseases, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumorous discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fevers, Boils, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the Flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all weakening and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of the life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent powers to cure them.

If the patient, daily becoming reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting those wastes, and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does accure—a cure is certain; for when once this remedy commences its work of restoration, and succeeds in diminishing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing better and stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and flesh and weight increasing.

Not only does the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

Kidney and Bladder Complaints

Urinary and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark, bilious appearance, and white bone-dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins.

Price $1 Per Bottle.

DR. RADWAY'S

Perfect Purgative Pills,

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. Radway's Pills for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely Vegetable, containing no mercury, mineral, or deleterious drugs.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust of Food, Fullness or weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter-stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 87, Malden Lane, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you.

july6-dawdly

State of Georgia, Fulton County.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having demands against Horace P. Hitchcock, late of said county, deceased, to present them to me properly made out, within the time prescribed by law, so as to show their character and amount. And all persons indebted to said deceased, are hereby required to make immediate payment.

CHARLES COWART, Administrator of the estate of H. P. Hitchcock.

aug8—dawtfdly Printer's fee $5

LANIER HOUSE,

Mulberry Street, Macon, Georgia,

BINSWANGER & DUB, Proprietors.

BOARD PER DAY.....$3 00

Free Omnibus to and from the Passenger Depot.

apr25—dtf

Assignee's Sale.

BY authority invested in me by the Honorable United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia, I will sell to the Court House door, in the city of Savannah, Georgia, on Wednesday, the 22d day of May, 1872, within the legal hours of sale, the following property, to-wit:

An undivided one-ninth (1-9) interest in 71 acres of land in Chatham county, bounded north by lands of C. B. King, east by White Bluff Road, west by Middle Ground Road and south by land formerly owned by Wilmot.

One-ninth (1-9) interest in a certain Rice Plantation of 300 acres, situated on Cat Creek, in McIntosh county.

One ninth (1-9) interest in two thousand (2,000) acres, (more or less,) of Pine lands, situated and being in the county of McIntosh and bounded north by the land of J. H. Hall, south by the estate of G. & J. Butler, and west by Snider's plantation.

One-ninth (1-9) interest in three thousand and seven hundred (3,700) acres of Wild Lands, lying and being in McIntosh county, and known and distinguished as the Joiner Bridge Tract, adjoining lands of W. M. Street and William McIntosh, and lying on the Altamaha River and Sim's Creek.

Also, one ninth undivided interest in tract of land known and distinguished as Lewis' Island, situated on the Altamaha River, Sim's and Rutherford Creeks, McIntosh county.

Also, an undivided one-ninth (1-9) interest in and to Swamp's ride, lying and being in McIntosh county, and situated between Sim's Creek and Barrington Road, bounded north by lands granted to L. McIntosh, east by lands granted to John Grant and McLellon, and south by Sims' Creek.

Also, an undivided one-ninth (1-9) interest in thirteen hundred and seventy-five (1,375) acres of uncultivated lands, owned formerly by Hopkins, and lying on Buffalo Swamp, in the county of Glynn—said lands known as the Barney Gowen tract, the Rigdon Tool tract and the Archer Barney Grant.

Also, an undivided one-ninth interest in lots of land Nos.

The Daily Constitution.

GIVE ME THE HAND.

Give me the hand that is kind, warm and ready;
Give me the clasp that is calm, true and steady;
Give me the hand that will never deceive me;
Give me the grasp that I aye may believe thee;
Soft is the palm of the delicate woman;
Hard is the hand of the rough, sturdy yeoman;
Soft palm or hard hand, it matters not- never!
Give me the grasp that is friendly forever.

Give me the hand that is true as a brother;
Give me the hand that has harmed not another;
Give me the heart that has never forsworn it;
Give me the grasp that I may adore it.
Lovely the palm of the fair blue-veined maiden;
Horny the hand of the workman o'er laden;
Lovely or ugly it matters not—never!
Give me the grasp that is friendly forever.

Give me the grasp that is honest and hearty,
Free as he breeze and unshackled by party;
Let friendship give me the grasp that becomes her.
Close as the twine of the vine of the summer.
Give me the hand that is true as a brother;
Give me the hand that has wronged not another;
Soft palm or hard hand, it matters not—never!
Give me the grasp that is friendly forever.

Amusement Notes.

Mrs. Oates is in Philadelphia.

Mr. Lathum is in Columbus, Ohio.

The Martinetti Ravel Troupe is in New Orleans.

Pauline Markham is at Wood's Museum, New York.

At the London theater programmes have to be paid for.

John Robinson's circus was in Dayton Ohio, on the 6th.

Barnum with his museum visits Washington City on the 6th.

M'lle Jansuschek began an engagement in St. Louis on Monday last.

Theodore Thomas will give a concert in Titusville, on Tuesday next.

Adam Forepaugh's Menagerie will be in Chicago, on the 20th instant.

Gleanings.

The maple sugar crop is universally a failur this year.

Bermuda is looked upon as a coffin by the British soldiers.

A Boston druggist states that a noted temperance lecturer is one of his most regular opium customers.

At her last reception, Madame Thiers was dressed plainly in black, and wore no diamonds, pearls or flowers.

Addie Ballou married a couple at Terre Haute, Indiana, last week, and in the nuptial lecture told them "cradles were cheaper than divorces."

A public school teacher in Chicago punishes the children by compelling them to march up and down a flight of stairs for an hour or more without rest.

Conundrums.

Who was the first Bone-a-part? Eve.

Who was the greatest peer that England ever produced? Shakespeare.

How are farmers like fowls? Neither will get full crops without industry.

Why are clergymen and brakemen alike? Because they do a good deal of coupling.

Why should a sailor know there is a man in the moon? Because he has been to sea.

If six men eat ten apples, how many pumpkins can four cows eat? Multiply the ten apples by the four cows, and divide the result between the six men and the pumpkins. The true answer will be the amount.

Personal.

The Princess of Wales is becoming deaf

Joaquin Miller is announced to lecture in Boston at an early date.

Mr. Elihu Burritt is said to make a point of learning a new language every year.

A baby swallowed a match, and the doctor says its symptoms are like those of tick douloureux.

The Commissioners of Public Instruction in Davenport, Iowa, have stricken the Bible from their list of school books.

A Michigan jury, not being overburdened with reason, rendered a verdict in rhyme. Not content to make justice, they wished to metre it.

A Tennessee Electrician claims to have invented a method of propelling railway trains by electricity at the rate of one hundred miles an hour.

EXERCISES.—Our "young folks" will find in the recitation of the following paragraphs considerable exercise for their tongues, as well as an opportunity for a "little fun:"

Around the rugged rock the ragged rascals ran.

Of all the saws I ever saw saw, I never saw a saw saw as this saw saws.

Villy Vite and vife vent a voyage to Vest Tindsor and Vest Vindham von Vitson Vednesday.

Peter Prangle, the prickly pear picker picked three pecks of prickly prangly pears from the prangly pear trees on he pleasant prairies.

Robert Rowley rolled a round roll round; a round roll Robert Rowley rolled round. Where rolled the round roll Robert Rowley rolled round?

Theophilus Thistle, the successful thistle-sifter, in sifting a seiveful of thistles, thrust three thousand through the thick of his thumb.

Bandy legged Borachio Mustachio Whiskaifuscus, the bold but brave Bombaridno of Bagdad, helped Abormitique Blue Beard Bashaw of Balemandeb, to beat down an abominable Bumble of Bashaw.

Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled pep pers; a peck of pickled peppers Peter Piper picked. If Peter Piper picked a peck of pickled peppers, where's the peck of pickled peppers Peter Piper picked?—*Exchange.*

Manufactures.

The British iron product is stated at about 5,500,000 tons a year, and the American at about 2,000,000 tons.

Forty-eight million one hundred and sixty-eight thousand collars and cuffs are annually made in Troy, New York.

There is said to be $25,000,000 invested in silk manufactures in this country, and the productions of these manufactures sell at $30,000,000.

During 1870 Philadelphia produced $10,000,000 worth of carpets; $5,500,000 of prints; $3,000,000 of silks; and other fabrics to the amount of $40,000,000.

Fall river will have over 790,000 spindles, and 18,000 looms for making cloth, before the year of 1872. Lowell, her rival, has less than 600,000 spindles operating.

The street car tracks of London have a flat strip of iron with a groove for the flange of the wheel to run in. This strip is not sunk, but is exactly level with the surface of the pavement, thus offering no obstacle to teams crossing the track. The cars also have seats outside as well as inside.

HONOR TO THE SCISSORS.—The newspaper reporter says: "Some people, ignorant of what good editing is, imagine the getting up of selected matter to be the easiest work in the world to do, whereas it is the nicest work that is done on a paper. If they find the editor with scissors in hand, they are sure to say, "Eh! this is the way you get up original matter;" eh! accompanying their new and witty questions with an idiotic wink or smile. The facts are, that the interest, the morality, the variety and usefulness of a paper depend, in no small degree, upon its selected matter, and few men are fully capable of the position who would not themselves be able to write many of the artirles they select. A sensible editor desires considerable matter, because he knows he cannot make so good a paper as five or six.

THE HUSTON CASE.—We learn that the list of charges against the Rev. Dr. Huston, prepared by Rev. Drs. Rodgers and Gardiner were mailed to him Monday, though there was some difficulty in deciding as to his present whereabouts. A reasonable time will be given him to appear and answer before the church committees. If he does not appear this investigation will progress, and the result, whatever it may be, promulgated. All the witnesses in Baltimore have been examined by Mrs. Rodgers and Gardiner, and extensive correspondence has been had with parties in Georgia, Tennessee, Kentucky and Ohio, who have made charges of a serious character against him previous to his location in Baltimore.—*Baltimore American.*

☞In a certain town there had been a very exciting election for the office of sheriff. The successful candidate, of course, was very much elated, and at night was for a long time talking it over with his wife as they sat around the fire before retiring. Meanwhile the youngsters in the trundle-bed were "all ears;" at length one tow-head popped up under the inspiration of the query; "Ma, are we all sheriffs, or only you and pa?" "Lay down, you little fool," snapped the mother; "only your pa and I."—*Exchange.*

Reading Notices.

Pimples on the Face, Eruptions, Blotches, Scrofulous diseases, and all sores arising from impure blood, are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. may6-deod1w&w1t.

BACHELORS' HAIR DYE.—This superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces immediately a splendid black or natural brown, leaves the hair clean, soft, beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, oct2—d1y New York.

KEEP THE HAIR UNBLEMISHED.—"I am like an old hemlock—withered at the top," said a venerable Indian Chief, pointing to his thin and bleaching locks. Thousands of men and women in civilized society, much younger than the old Sagamore, are like him, "withered at the top," simply because they have neglected to use the means of preserving and beautifying the hair which science had placed at their disposal. If Lyon's Kathairon be faithfully applied once or twice a day, to the fibers and the scalp, it is just as impossible that the hair should decay, wither, fall out or become harsh and fuzzy, as that a meadow, duly refreshed with nightly dews and sunlit rains, should become arid and barren of green blades. This matchless preparation not only keeps the hair alive and the skin of the head in a healthy and clean condition, but actually multiplies the filaments and imparts to them a lustre, flexibility and wavy beauty unattainable by any other mode of treatment. It does not, like the metallic and sulphurous hair dyes, dry up the natural moisture of the scalp, but supplies nutriment to the roots of the hair and vigor to the fibres may6-deodiw&w1t.

EDITORIAL NOTICES are so common that it is almost impossible for an editor to express his honest opinion of the merits of any article without being suspected of interested motives. This fact, however, shall not deter us from saying what we think of a new addition to the Materia Medica to which our attention has been recently directed. We refer to Dr. J Walker's California Vinegar Bitters, a remedy which is making its way into more families just now than all the other advertised medicines put together. There seems to be no question about the potency of its tonic and alterative properties, while it possesses the great negative recommendation of containing neither alcohol nor mineral poison. That is a specific for Indigestion, Billiousness, Constipation, and many complaints of nervous origin, we have reason to know; and we are assured on good authority that as a general invigorant, regulating and purifying medicine, it has no equal. It is stated that its ingredients, (obtained from the wilds of California,) are new to the medical world; and its extraordinary effects certainly warrant the conclusion that it is a compound of agents hitherto unknown. If popularity is any criterion, there can be no doubt of the efficiency of the Vinegar Bitters, for the sale of the article is immense and continually increasing. apr15-d&w1m.

FALSE THEORIES OVERTHROWN.—We live under a new medical dispensation, very different from that under which so many of our forefathers died. The sick are no longer bled till they faint, nor gorged with mercury, nor prostrated with violent cathartics, nor blistered on their shaven heads. Ever since the introduction of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, twenty years ago, renovation and restoration, not depletion and prostration, have been the watchwords of the judicious portion of the profession. The remarkable success of this famous vegetable preventive, invigorant and corrective has worked a complete revolution in the general treatment of disease. At first the dogmatic members of the faculty would not believe in it. "What!" they exclaimed, "cure liver complaint without mercury, chronic rheumatism without colchicum, fever and ague without quinine! Impossible!" But the most obstinate incredulity must yield in the end to practical demonstration. From that time to the present dyspepsia, billiousness, intermittent fevers, muscular diseases, nervous complaints and constipation have vanished under the operation of the great specific, in at least ninety per cent. of the cases in which it has been used as a remedy for those ailments, while as a preventive of all maladies generated by change of climate, sudden revulsions of temperature, epidemic poison in the atmosphere, and unwholesome water, its beneficial effects have been so obvious uniform as to secure the most perfect confidence in its properties as an antidote, safeguard and cure. may6-deod1w&w1t.

NEW ROUTE

—TO—

MOBILE NEW ORLEANS

VICKSBURG AND TEXAS,

BLUE MOUNTAIN ROUTE

—VIA—

SELMA, ROME AND DALTON RAILROAD

And its Connections.

PASSENGERS leaving Atlanta by the 6 A. M. Train of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, arrive at Rome at 10 A. M., making close connections with Fast Express Train for Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad, arriving at SELMA at 5:10 P. M., and making close connection with train of Alabama Central Railroad, arriving at Meridian ..... 4 A M
Jackson ..... 11:50 A M
Vicksburg ..... 2:55 P M

Also, make close connection at CALERA with train of South and North Alabama Railroad, arriving at
Montgomery ..... 7:10 P M
Mobile ..... 7:45 A M
New Orleans ..... 4:25 P M

The Road has been recently equipped, and its equipment is not surpassed by any in the South for strength and beauty of finish. NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN ROME AND SELMA.

Pullman Palace Cars run through from ROME VIA MONTGOMERY TO MOBILE without change. No delay at terminal points. Fare as low as by any other route.

Purchase Tickets via Kingston, at General Ticket Office, or at the H. I. Kimball House.

JOHN B. PECK, General Passenger Agent.
E. G. BARNEY, General Superintendent.
BEAU CAMPBELL, Local Agent, No. 4 Kimball House.
sep19— June30—d&f

LUMBER!

MERRIAM, JONES & CO.,

HAVE on hand, and are constantly receiving, a large stock of Dry and Green Lumber, of all the varieties appertaining to the trade, together with

White Pine Doors,

WINDOWS AND BLINDS.

To all of which they would respectfully call the attention of Builders and others.

☞ Prices as low as the market will admit. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Yard and office next below Willingham Building, Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga. apr14—d1f

E. H. KELLOGG'S

"SPERM LUBRICATOR,"

A $1 15 per gal., is a perfect substitute for genuine Sperm Oil for all Spindle, Engine and other machinery purposes. Guaranteed as handsome in color, as free from odor or gum, and to endure as cold temperature, all of which, if not on trial found strictly true, it may be returned at my expense of transportation both ways.

E. H. KELLOGG,
Manufacturer and General Dealer in Oils,
apr12—d&w1m No 17 Cedar street, New York.

Special and Important!

YOUNG MEN, in business in, or arriving in the city wishing to secure Board in a first-class BOARDING HOUSE, will do well to call on
L. B. DAVIS, General Agent.

GENTLEMEN, or gentlemen and ladies, at hotels, who wish PRIVATE BOARD IN A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE, with cozy rooms, elegantly furnished, and excellent fare, or Transient boarders, would do well to call on
L. B. DAVIS, General Agent,
No. 17 Whitehall Street,
Or at his residence, corner Forsyth and Peachtree Streets. march8—d3m

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

Georgia Railroad & Banking Co.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA R. R. Co., AUGUSTA, GA., May 1st, 1872.

ON TUESDAY, May 7th, 1872, the Down Day Passenger Train upon the Georgia Railroad, will carry extra cars sufficient to accommodate STOCKHOLDERS and their families, attending the Company's Convention at Augusta, on WEDNESDAY, May 8th.
S. K. JOHNSON,
may3-d6t Superintendent.

Whitehall Street Store,

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

I WILL sell a bargain in a Brick Store on Whitehall street, and take a residence lot, either improved or unimproved situated convenient to first Baptist Church.
G. W. ADAIR,
may3—d3t Real Estate Agent.

Railroads.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS.

Georgia Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta ..... 8.00 o'clock, A. M
Leaves Atlanta ..... 7.10 " A. M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 6.30 " P. M
Arrives at Augusta ..... 5.30 " P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Augusta ..... 6.30 " P. M
Leaves Atlanta ..... 8.00 " P. M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 5.25 " A. M
Arrives at Augusta ..... 6.00 " A. M

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 5.30 P. M
Leaves Stone Mountain ..... 6.45 A. M
Arrives Atlanta ..... 8.05 A. M
Arrives Stone Mountain ..... 8.15 P. M

Macon and Western Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER—DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 8.00 A M
Leaves Macon ..... 7.10 A M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 1.45 P M
Arrives at Macon ..... 7.30 A P

NIGHT PASSENGER—DAILY.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 1.10 P M
Leaves Macon ..... 5.25 P M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 10.50 P M
Arrives at Macon ..... 6.10 P M

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 11.10 P. M
Arrives at Chattanooga ..... 5.12 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—OUTWARD.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 8.30 A. M
Arrives at Chattanooga ..... 3.50 P. M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga ..... 5.30 P. M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 1.30 A. M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Chattanooga ..... 8.30 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 3.50 P. M

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—INWARD.

Leaves Dalton ..... 1.00 A. M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 9.50 A M
Leave Atlanta ..... 4.05 P. M
Arrive at Dalton ..... 9.25 P. M

For Savannah via Macon and Western and Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

Leave Atlanta at ..... 2.45 P. M.
Connect with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad at Macon at ..... 8.30 P. M.
Arrive at Savannah ..... 8.35 A. M.

Schedule of Rome Railroad.

DAY TRAIN.

Leave Rome ..... 7.15 A. M.
Arrive at Kingston ..... 8.30 A. M.
Leave Kingston ..... 9.00 A. M.
Arrive at Rome ..... 10.00 A. M.

NIGHT TRAIN.

Leave Rome ..... 6.30 P. M.
Arrive at Kingston ..... 10.00 P. M.
Leave Kingston ..... 1.30 P. M.
Arrive at Rome ..... 3.05 P. M.

St. Louis, Memphis, Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad Line.

Leaves Atlanta ..... 8.15 o'clock, A. M.
Arrives at Chattanooga ..... 5.30 " A. M.
Arrives at Nashville ..... 5.45 " A. M.
Arrives at McKenzie ..... 9.30 " A. M.
Arrives at Memphis ..... 3.45 " P. M.
Arrives at Union City ..... 11.35 " A. M.
Arrives at Columbus ..... 12.42 " P. M.
Arrives at St. Louis ..... 11.15 " P. M.
Leaves Atlanta ..... 10.15 " P. M.
Arrives at Chattanooga ..... 7.30 " A. M.
Arrives at Nashville ..... 11.50 " A. M.
Arrives at McKinzie ..... " "
Arrives at Memphis ..... 4.30 " A. M.
Arrives at Union City ..... 9.10 " P. M.
Arrives at Columbus ..... 10.40 " P. M.
Arrives at St. Louis ..... 7.55 " A. M.

No change of cars from Chattanooga to Memphis. But one change from Chattanooga to St. Louis.

Savannah, Griffin and North Alabama Railroad.

Leaves Griffin ..... A. 1 00 P M
Arrives at Newnan ..... 3 45 P M
Leaves Newnan ..... 3 55 P M
Arrives at Griffin ..... 6 47 A M
Connects at Griffin with Macon and Western Railroad.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta ..... 8 50 A M
Arrives at West-Point ..... 11 40 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN—(Reward.)

Leaves West-Point ..... 3 25 P M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 7 50 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Outward.)

Leaves Atlanta ..... 7 05 P M
Arrives at West-Point ..... 10 15 A M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN—(Inward.)

Leaves West Point ..... 5 35 A M
Arrives at Atlanta ..... 9 57 A M

Air-Line Railroad.

Leave Gainesville ..... 6 00 A. M
Arrive at Atlanta ..... 10 00 A. M
Leave Atlanta ..... 2 00 P. M
Arrive at Gainesville ..... 6 42 P. M

Atlanta and New Orleans

SHORT LINE!

ALL RAIL!

PASSENGERS FOR

Montgomery.

Selma, Mobile, Birmingham, and Tuskaloosa, Alabama.

MERIDIAN,

Jackson, Grenada, Vicksburg, Okalona, and Corinth, Mississippi.

NEW ORLEANS,

Shreveport, Monroe, La. Jefferson, Galveston and all Points in Texas and Northern and Central Mississippi.

☞ LEAVING

ATLANTA TWICE DAILY!!

At 6:50 o'clock, a. m., and at 7:00 o'clock, p. m.,

—VIA—

Atlanta & West Point R. R.

Will make direct connections with the above named places. Trains run through to Montgomery without change.

98 Miles Shorter

To Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans than Blue Mountain, (via Kingston and Rome,) or any other route, and

288 Miles Shorter

Than by Chattanooga, Grand Junction and Corinth, to New Orleans and Galveston.

357 Miles Shorter

To Shreveport and Jefferson, Texas, than by Chattanooga and Memphis, avoiding 614 miles Mississippi River Steamboating.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 7 00 P. M., will arrive in Montgomery at 6 35 A. M., two hours and ten minutes earlier than via Blue Mountain Route.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 6 50 A. M., will arrive in Montgomery at 5 45, P. M., one hour and twenty-five minutes earlier than Blue Mountain Route.

Passengers leaving Atlanta at 7 00 P. M., will arrive in Columbus at 4 10 next morning, 47 miles shorter than any other route to Selma, Meridian, Jackson and Vicksburg.

☞ Every attention paid to the comfort of Passengers. ☞ Baggage handled with care, and checked to all terminal points.

Fare as low as any other route. Through Tickets for sale at the office of the General Ticket Agent, in the Union Passenger Depot in Atlanta. Also, one thousand mile tickets for the accommodation of merchants and families, at reduced rates.

L. P. GRANT, Superintendent.
W. J. HOUSTON,
General Passenger Agent.
oct1—dec20-d1f

BROWN'S HOTEL,

MACON, GEORGIA.

IF long experience and a thorough knowledge of the business in all its diversified branches are essential to the keeping that which the public has long heard of but seldom seen,

A GOOD HOTEL,

The undersigned flatter themselves that they are fully competent to discharge their obligations to their patrons. But they are not only experienced in hotel keeping—they modestly would claim to have

THE BEST ARRANGED AND MOST COMPLETELY AND EXPENSIVELY FURNISHED

House throughout, in the State, which is located exactly where everybody would have it situated, immediately in Front and Adjacent to the Passenger Depot, where travelers can enjoy the most sleep and less liabilities to be left by the perplexingly constant departure of the trains.

To all these important advantages is added a table that is well supplied with the best and choicest dishes the city and country can afford; nor would they omit to mention that their servants, trained to the business, have never been surpassed for politeness and attention to guests.

For the truth of these statements, we refer the public to our patrons who reside in every State in the Union.
H. B. BROWN & SON,
apr27-d1f Proprietors.

Good Ivestment.

W. J. WARD'S Property, on Rhodes street, one House and Lot and one Vacant Lot, 48 by 100 each. House has three plastered rooms, three verandahs, kitchen, pantry—excellent water, etc. This locality, on Taylor's Hill, commands a fascinating view of the city. Neighbors—V. P. Sisson, D. Croft, Wm. Grambling, Col. Hulbert, Col. W. H. Hulsey, T. J Meador and others. Give this your attention at once.
Apply to WALLACE & FOWLER.
apr25—apr31- d1st

SOUTHLAND SHERRY WINE

W. COMPTON & CO., have for sale at low prices the Southland Sherry—a pure, mild, delicious Native Wine—a most excellent article for table use.

St. Clair's Royal Canadian Oat Meal, and a large lot of the finest teas of every kind. apr31—d1m

Hotels.

HEARD HOUSE,

LaGrange ..... Georgia

BY GEORGE C. HEARD.

THIS House has been recently thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The tables always supplied with the best the market affords. Porters will be found at the Depot on every arrival of the Trains to take charge of baggage. feb25-d1f

CHOICE HOTEL.

Corner Broad and Bridge Streets.

ROME, GA.

J. C. RAWLINS, Proprietor.

Situated in the business part of the city. Passengers taken to and from the Depot FREE OF CHARGE.
dec1-tf LEON A. CAMP, Clerk.

SASSEEN HOUSE,

(Formerly United States Hotel,)

CORNER ALABAMA AND PRYOR STREETS

Atlanta, Georgia.

E. R. SASSEEN, Agent. ..... Proprietor

☞ Terms—Transient Boarders, per day, $2. Single meal and lodging, 50 cents, sep20-d1f

NEW HOTEL,

PALMETTO, - - GEORGIA.

W. Jackson House

Is now open to the Traveling Public.

jan18-d1f W. JACKSON, Proprietor.

THE MAJORS HOUSE,

BY E. MAJORS,

TRENTON ..... GEORGIA.

He pledges himself his house will be kept in first rate style, and on moderate terms. nov21-d1f

ECKLES HOUSE

AND

LIVERY STABLE,

SOCIAL CIRCLE, GA.

Rates of Board:

Single Meal ..... 50 cents | Per Day $2 00
Per Week ..... $8 00 | Per Month 30 00

Livery Stable Charges at Corresponding Rates.
STERLING ECKLES, Proprietor.
June9-d1f

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Cor. Fulton, Water and Pearl Sts,

NEW YORK.

THIS well known, favorite hotel, has recently been renovated, remodeled and furnished new and elegantly throughout. It is kept on the European plan, and has ample accommodations for four hundred guests.

The location is more accessible to all parts of New York and Brooklyn than any other house in the city. The Broadway Stages pass the hotel every three minutes, besides various lines of Street Cars, one of which intersects every other route in New York.

It being but two blocks from Fulton Ferry, makes it convenient for those wishing to visit the "City of Churches," as from this ferry diverges all the principal railroad routes in the city of Brooklyn.
dec3—d1f GEO. N. TERRY, Proprietor.

BARTOW HOUSE,

CARTERSVILLE ..... GEORGIA

J. T. GUTHRIE, Proprietor.

NO pains or expense spared to render guests comfortable. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Attentive waiters; clean rooms.

THE KENNESAW HOUSE,

MARIETTA ..... GEORGIA

HAS ample rooms for the accommodation of families. A large Verandah has just been added, together with other improvements, making it the most pleasant summer resort in the land. Hops will be given and amusements provided for.
FLETCHER & FREYER
june20-d1f

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

BY WILLIAM J. SIBERT,

(Near the Court House and Depot)

GADSDEN, ... ALABAMA.

Guests will find everything new and neat. Servants attentive. Terms—$2.00 per day single meals fifty cents.
nov19-d1f

TIBBS HOUSE,

Dalton, Ga.

L. B. STONE. J. B. WIMBERLY
dec4-d1f

GEORGIA HOTEL,

Dalton ..... Georgia.

DR. B. B. BROWN, Proprietor.

THIS house is located immediately on the side of the Railroad, at the South End of the Passenger Depot.

It will be kept in first rate style, and warranted to give satisfaction to the most fastidious.
nov11-d1f

JOHNSON HOUSE,

BY MRS. DR. JOHNSON,

KINGSTON ..... GEORGIA

june12-d1f

BACON HOUSE,

LEXINGTON ..... GEORGIA

JOHN W. BACON, Proprietor.

A REGULAR Two-Horse Hack will attend every day, to convey passengers from the Railroad to and from Lexington, Ga. sep11-d1f

KING HOUSE,

STONE MOUNTAIN, GA.,

OCTOBER 1st, 1871.

PARTIES residing or engaged in business in Atlanta, who wish to be from the noise and bustle of the city when through with the business of the day, can find a

PLEASANT AND HEALTHY RETREAT

at this place. The air and water pure, a bountiful table, and the best of attention. Those desirous of availing themselves of the enjoyment of these advantages, can make

EXTREMELY ECONOMICAL ARRANGEMENTS

during the fall and winter months. We have accommodations for several families. They should avail themselves of this offer.

MRS. A. S. WHITE, Proprietress.
R. T. WHITE, Manager. sep30-d1f

GLOBE HOTEL,

LAWRENCEVILLE, GA.,

HAS ample room for the accommodation of families.
Travelers will find at this House a regular

OLD VIRGINIA WELCOME,

And board as cheap as could be asked for.

The House has been refitted and improved, and will compare with the best.

Good water here, and a fine, healthy climate, unsurpassed in North Georgia.

I have also a Livery Stable attached. Horses and buggies can be had on reasonable terms.
June9-d1f W. J. BORN, Proprietor.

Pratt House,

(Formerly Brown House,)

Cuthbert ..... Georgia,

T. J. PRATT, Proprietor.

HACKS in attendance upon all trains, and no pains spared to make guests comfortable.
march8—d1f

Wayside House,

RINGGOLD, GEORGIA,

IS now open for the reception of guests together with transportation to Catoosa Springs and all other accessible places of note, at reasonable prices. All pains will be taken to render guests comfortable by
feb20—d1f A. J. HEALAN & LADY.

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THE undersigned having taken charge of the above House, takes pleasure in announcing to the public generally that no effort will be spared to make it a first-class Hotel, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction to all who will favor him their patronage. Rates reasonable.
sep10-d1f H. T. JENNINGS, Proprietor.

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FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. The proprietor flatters himself, from his long experience in the business, that he can and will give general satisfaction. The house is kept open from 6 A. M to 9 P. M. The Omnibus meets all night trains, and attentive porters are at the depot for the house. apr20—d1f

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jan24—d1f

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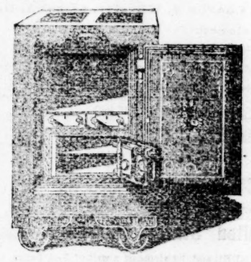

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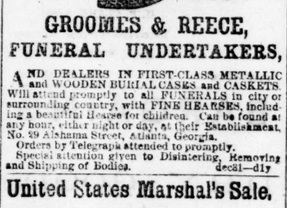

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Special attention given to Disinterring, Removing and Shipping of Bodies. dec31—d1y

United States Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a final decree issued out of the Honorable the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiffs, Josiah J Wright and Addison N Jones, executors of Samuel Gibbon in the following case, to-wit:

Josiah J. Wright and Addison N. Jones, Executors of Samuel Gibbon vs. John Hume, Sr.

I will sell at public auction at the court house in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county and State of Georgia, on the

First Tuesday in May Next

between the lawful hours of sale, the following described property viz:

All those tracts or parcels of land situated, lying and being in the 22d district and 3d section of originally Cherokee now Floyd county, known and distinguished in the plan of said district as lots number one hundred and sixty-nine (169), one hundred and fifty-three (153), one hundred and fifty-four (154), that part of one hundred and twenty-seven (127), south of the Oostanaula. North half of one hundred and ninety-three (193). Forty-eight acres of one hundred and fifty-five (155). One-fourth of lot number one hundred and fifty-one (151), in southwest part of the same—containing in all eight hundred acres, more or less.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
United States Marshal.

The above property is within two miles of Rome on the Calhoun road. The Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad passes through the property and within one hundred yards of the house. The tract of land is 840 acres, more or less. Two hundred acres of first class Oostanaula river bottom; one hundred acres of upper land, all under good fence and cultivation. There is a good apple, peach and fruit orchard on the place. The property is well watered by eleven springs and running streams. The house is a large two story frame building in good repair, containing ten rooms, eight with fire places, and within fifty feet of the house is a large and never-failing spring of water.
JOHN HUME, Sr.,
apr11—d3t On the place.

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W. C. HUGHEN.
May 1, 1872. apr11—d3m

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